The Constitution.

VOL. VIII. ATLANTA GA., SATURDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 6, 1875 NO. 124

Daily Constitution.

W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.
Office: 36 Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

TERMS.

DAILY, One Year.....$10 00
" Six Months..... 5 00
WEEKLY, One Year..... 2 00
" Six Months..... 1 00

Postage for one year, on Daily, 60 cents: Weekly, 15 cents.

☞ Subscription and Postage must be paid in advance. When postage is not remitted, a deduction in time will be made sufficient to cover postage.

RATES OF ADVERTISING FOR USUAL ADVERTISEMENTS, THE RATES NAMED IN THE FOLLOWING TABLE:

Length of Square Ten Lines.	1 w'k	2 w'ks	3 w'ks	4 w'ks
One Square.....	$ 3.50	$ 6.00	$ 8.00	$ 9.50
Two Squares.....	6.50	11.50	15.50	18.00
Three Squares.....	9.00	16.50	22.00	26.50
Four Squares.....	11.00	20.00	27.00	33.00
Five Squares.....	13.00	23.00	31.50	39.00
Six Squares.....	14.50	25.50	35.50	44.00
Seven Squares.....	16.00	27.00	39.00	48.50
Half Column.....	30.00	45.00	70.00	85.00
One Column.....	50.00	75.00	90.00	100.00

Advertisements inserted three times a week, one-fourth off the table rates; two times a week, one-half off the table rates; once a week, $1 per square, each insertion. Weekly, $1 per square, each insertion.

Theatres, Shows, Minstrel Companies and such like amusements, $1 per square for first insertion, and 75 cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of any kind in "Preferred Locals" 25 cents per line each insertion. "City Locals" (in brevier) 20 cents per line, each insertion; in "Local and Business," 15 cents per line, each insertion. "Captions" are counted as two lines. A line is estimated at 6 words. Contract rates reasonable. TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS must be paid in advance.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON, NOV. 5.

A FEW years ago the public printing only cost the people of Mississippi $8,000 a year; now it costs them $100,000 a year, most of which is used to support the radical organs of the state. Tuesday's election will cut them down like an early frost.

THE Senoia Enterprise, like the Kenesaw Gazette, comes to us printed on tinted paper—the difference being that the Gazette uses pink paper, while the Enterprise indulges in a coffee colored tint. The latter proposes hereafter however to return to the same plain white paper that all the rest of us use. It does not propose to be proud or peculiar, except through the force of circumstances.

OUR minister to Mexico is endeavoring to secure a representation of Mexican products for the New Orleans exposition. The republic is to hold an international exhibition at her own capital this month, and Minister Foster writes that she proposes to utilize her November exhibition as a preparatory work for her display at Philadelphia. The last congress appropriated $300,000 for the joint expenses of her home and American demonstrations, and Mr. Foster is assured that all the space allotted to Mexico at Philadelphia will be filled, a very general interest being taken therein throughout President Lerdo's dominions.

YESTERDAY we compared the business transacted in October by the letter carriers of Savannah and Atlanta. We now put Charleston in Savannah's place, and present another table, being the official results in the two cities for the month of October:

	Charleston.	Atlanta.
Mail letters delivered..	84,371	53,589
Mail postal cards.....	4,218	9,012
Local letters.....	3,098	1,963
Local postal cards	2,456	2,493
Registered letters.....	182	700
Newspapers delivered..	17,783	19,777
Mail letters collected..	27,900	39,432
Postal cards "	3,600	9,734
Newspapers "	3,406	1,527

THE Macon Telegraph thinks the democratic victory in Mississippi will result in the election of Hon. L. Q. C. Lamar to the United States senate. Says the Telegraph: "Never has man more richly deserved or more worthily won that crown. Lamar as senator will recall Mississippi's proud days, when her voice in that body was potential, and her representative spoke not alone for the state but for the south. It will be a fitting climax for a victory his counsels and exertions made possible, and a promotion his ability, zeal, eloquence and statesmanship have grandly deserved. He has been the brain and right hand of this revolt against radical knavery and corruption in Mississippi, and we shall count the victory robbed of half its splendor and significance if his election is not signalized by a unanimity rarely known in these days of fierce rivalries and heated contests. We expect to see him sent by acclamation to replace the renegade Alcorn, and still further to illustrate and illumine a career rarely matched in its beneficent as well as brilliant results."

THE Washington Chronicle is a father, if not a mother, to Georgian towns. The latest exercise of its care and supervision relates to Thomasville. As it tells in this instance the truth, we give its editorial paragraph entire:

Thomasville, in the southwestern part of Georgia, is a flourishing place. It was settled in 1825. Four years after, it had a log court house, two stores and six log dwellings It had increased so as to have a population of 1,000 when the Atlantic & Gulf railroad reached it, in 1861. This placed it in direct connection with Savannah to the northeast. War checked its progress, but after this was over, improvement commenced again and has continued without interruption ever since. The population now is 3,500. It has sixty stores, with an aggregate capital of $750,000, seven churches, six physicians, sixteen lawyers, five private schools, as well as the usual public ones, and a well-endowed female college. Last year this place received about 16,000 bales of cotton, and sold a million dollars' worth of goods. One of the finest hotels in Georgia has just been completed, at a cost of $60,000, with which the people propose to tempt Florida visitors. Now let Thomasville connect with Tallahassee and Monticello in Florida, by rail, and all will be well with its future.

PROF. LAND has completed an analysis of a sample of the custard that produced so much sickness at Dalton. We give his report:

The investigation has been carried to the extent ordered (by your mayor and council) yet has failed to detect any traces of poison. The small amount of hydrocyanic acid introduced by flavoring with the peach leaves mentioned in your favor has undergone a thorough decomposition. Indeed the custard was in a state of fermentation when delivered (in the sealed bottle) to me; however, this would not interfere with the detection of mineral poison, although it might destroy the nature of some of the organic or vegetable poisons, and hydrocyanic acid is one that would be most easily decomposed under the circumstances, yet I cannot believe that this poison could have produced the results which have attended the case at Dalton. My reason for this is based upon the fact that hydrocyanic acid or its compounds prove fatal when swallowed. Most cases of poisoning by this substance, which have been recorded, have proven fatal within thirty minutes at most, while in this instance, I am informed, that many hours elapsed before fatal symptoms could be observed. If proof can be had that this custard produced the fatal effects ascribed to it, then I must believe that the poison was of a vegetable nature, and if not decomposed before its examination lies beyond the scope of general chemical analysis.

A FAITHFUL and unassuming newspaper carrier in San Francisco tells this: "I've been serving a morning newspaper all along to a man who's never left his bed for seven years. Got the rheumatiz. There's a hole busted in one of the windows about two inches wide, and it's two stories high. I shoot it up through that slit at twenty minutes past five every mornin', and it strikes him in the face and wakes him up. On these dark mornin's, when there's a high wind, it takes some mighty lively caculation to hit the place just right. One morain' I dropped it on the foot of the bed and didn't wake him, so he stopped the paper next day."

A TRAGIC BRIDAL TOUR.

A Newly Married Couple Drowned in the Susquehanna.

BINGHAMPTON, N. Y., Nov. 1.

A most distressing drowning accident occurred in the Susquehanna river at Unadilla on Thursday last, four persons meeting their death, including a bride and groom, who were on their wedding tour. The particulars of the catastrophe are as follows:

Maurice and William Goodrich, of Worcester, N. Y., were married to sisters in that village about a week ago. They were on their way home from their bridal tour, and stopped at Unadilla to visit the family of Mr. Joseph Morehouse, a miller, whose wife was a sister of the two brides. Thursday the bridal party and Mr. and Mrs. Morehouse went out boating on the river. A movement of some one of the party caused the boat to careen to one side, when the ladies sprung in fright to the other side of the boat. This sudden movement caused the very catastrophe it was intended to avert, and

THE BOAT WAS CAPSIZED,

throwing the entire party into the water, which is very deep at that spot. Mr. Morehouse being an old sailor and an excellent swimmer, at once seized his wife and Mrs. Maurice Goodrich, and would undoubtedly have saved them both had they not lost all presence of mind. As it was the ladies wound their arms around Mr. Morehouse, and he was not only unable to give them any assistance, but was himself dragged to the bottom and the three were drowned together. Maurice Goodrich being encumbered with a heavy overcoat sunk in a short time and shared the fate of the other three. William Goodrich had removed his overcoat and coat, having been rowing the boat. He was a good swimmer and at once seized his wife as she appeared on the surface, and by pushing her ahead of him and repeatedly lifting her out of the water, succeeded in reaching the shore with her. She grasped hold of a clump of bushes and supported herself, while her husband swam rapidly back to render aid to the others if possible. It was too late, however, as they had already disappeared beneath the surface.

SEARCH FOR THE REMAINS.

The news of the shocking tragedy spread rapidly through the village, and hundreds of people turned out to search for the bodies of the drowned persons. Those of Mr. Goodrich and Mr. and Mrs Morehouse were found the same day near where they sunk. The body of Mrs. Goodrich was not recovered at last accounts. It is feared that the rescued bride, Mrs. William Goodrich, will become insane over the death of her sister. The two young ladies were twins, as were the Goodrich brothers. Mr. and Mrs. Morehouse leave several children. The tragic affair has cast a great gloom over the community where it occurred.

RICH PHASE OF AFRICAN LIFE.

A Husband Notified by his Wife that She is About to Marry.

[Savannah News.]

A gentleman of this city yesterday received from a colored woman formerly in his employ a letter addressed to "Mr. Adam J——, Lawtonville, S. C.," with the request to forward it. The epistle was folded in a piece of white paper and addressed as above, but was not sealed, and of course was not in condition to be mailed. The sender of the note, who is the wife of J——, requested the gentleman to see that it was all correct. He accordingly felt authorized to peruse the *billet doux*, and did so. That he was astonished and amused at its contents may well be inferred from the following *verbatim* copy which is herewith presented. The nonchalance and simplicity with which the dame informs the absent husband that she is about to marry, and yet signs herself "your wife," is truly refreshing, and presents a most unique phase of African character. The following is a copy of the letter, the original being forwarded as requested:

SAVANNAH GA November 1 1875

My Dear husban i take the plesur of writing you these few lines hopin they may fine you well As they leve me At this time present I receved your last leter i was glad to here from you you Rote me word you was Coming home and you have not Come So i Am Corting now i Am Going to Get Marride i Am going to sell my Cow soon As i marrie i Am Going away from Georgy so i Would like to hear from you As soon As posebel

i have no more to Say
write soon
i remane your wife
LUCKY J——.

Dividing up a Rhinoceros.

[From the Troy Times, Oct. 22.]

Dr. Planck, of Schenectady, and Dr. Hall, of Albany, were up to Honman's on Wednesday and had Forepaugh's dead Rhinoceros skinned, cut up, disjointed and the meat cut from the bones, boxed and sent to Rochester, where the skeleton will be prepared for the Albany museum. Professor Ward, of Rochester, who, with his assistants, arrived on the ground Tuesday, proceeded to a blacksmith's shop and had a number of tools made under his own supervision, and procured grapnels, ropes, &c. The labor of removing the skin was begun on Wednesday. The skin is from three-quarters of an inch to an inch thick, and some idea of its weight may be obtained when it is stated that it required twelve strong men to lift the box containing it. The skin will have to be reduced one-half in bulk, and will be put over a manikin by the improved French method, the old German method of stuffing with straw being found impracticable. To properly prepare the skin a large vat will have to be made, in which it will be placed over night in a solution of alum and salt. It will be taken out each day and worked down. The operations will require about two weeks. It is believed that the stuffed skin can be placed in the museum during the winter. The skeleton will not be arranged before next August. The eyes and portions of the tendons will be sent to the Albany medical college and the viscera to Cornell university. The animal was seven years old. The skin of the giraffe was delivered yesterday, and it is believed that the body will also be recovered.

"Come and See Me."

A writer says: Never take "Come and see me" as a phrase meant in earnest unless it be accompanied with a date. Such an invitation amounts to nothing at all. If a lady or gentleman desires your company he or she will appoint a time for your visit. "Call on me when you can make it convenient," "Drop in as you are passing," "Make us a visit when you have an hour or two to spare," are social ambiguities by which men and women of the world understand that they are not expected to do the thing requested. When people wish to be cheaply polite, there is nothing like this kind of vagueness. The complimentary small change of society must always be taken at a large discount. It is never worth its face or anything like it. Yet it is a convenient medium of exchange, and heavy debts of gratitude that ought to be required in better coin are often paid with it. People who have more polish than principle use it lavishly—plain, blunt, honest men sparingly or not at all. Whoever makes a friendly visit to a fashionable house on the strength of mere "Come and see me," will very often find that the family circle he has dropped into by request is as ungenial as the Arctic circle, and he will probably leave it with a chilly feeling that will prevent him from venturing in the same high latitude again. But when a whole-souled man, whom you know to be your friend, grasps you vigorously by the hand and says: "Come and dine with me to-day—dinner on the table at 5 o'clock—be sure to come—we shall expect you," you can take it as certain that your presence is warmly desired. It is pleasant always to make or receive a visit from a friend, but a nod on the street is all sufficient from a fashionable acquaintance.

The Concordat.

MADRID, November 5.—A special to the Diario and Espagnol says, that the vatican has sent a note to Madrid which expresses approval of Cardinal Simeoni's conduct regarding the circular note, and insists upon the execution of the concordat, refuses to recognize the royal placet, attributes civil war to religious tolerance and demands that the bishop of Urgel be tried by ecclesiastical judges and not by an ordinary tribunal.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Strike.

COLUMBUS, November, 5.—Most of the coal miners working in the valley, have struck for an increase of 10 cents per ton.

Buried to Death.

WASHINGTON, November 5.—A fire this morning destroyed two frame shanties, in which three children, aged 10. 12 and 15 years, were burned up. All colored.

From Wisconsin.

MILWAUKEE, November 5.—Returns from remote towns are unfavorable to the republicans, and will require official count to determine the result. Ludington is probably elected by one thousand. The rest of the republicans are doubtless defeated.

St. Louis Whisky Frauds.

CINCINNATI, November 5.—A special dispatch to the Cincinnati Enquirer says that the United States treasury has found indictments against district attorneys Patrick and Krum, ex-U. S. Marshall C. A. Macomb, Orville Grant, brother of the president, Gen. Babcock, the president's private secretary and others.

The greatest excitement prevails. The indictments charge them with a conspiracy with St. Louis men to defraud the government out of the taxes on an immense amount of crooked whisky. The indictments grew out of the testimony before the grand jury of Jos. M. Fitzroy, late deputy United States collector. Fitzroy was indicted by the previous grand jury and plead guilty to the charges. He is said to have been the treasurer of the St. Louis whisky ring, the most gigantic combination ever made to beat the government.

Munitions of War.

NEW YORK, November 5.—It is announced that the Spanish government has forwarded to agents in this city orders to buy up and ship at once provisions and ammunition to the amount of $500,000. Money for this purpose was contributed in Havana on the 20th ult., upon the receipt of telegrams from Madrid to the effect that American intervention was feared, and that all that could be done to deter it was advisable.

Troops Defeated.

LONDON, November 5.—The Daily News has a special from Alexandria, saying that the inhabitants of Kaka, on White Nile, revolted and defeated the troops, killing 100 of them. The government dispatched reinforcements thither.

An American Genius.

LONDON, November 5.—Col. Gowen, of New York, who raised the wrecks of the Russian fleet in the harbor of Sebastapile, has been officially invited by the British admiralty, to put in proposals for raising the iron clad Rangward, sunk off Wycklonhead.

Turkish Persecution.

VIENNA, November 4.—The Neue Freie Presse says Iquatiff, the Russian minister at Constantinople, had an interview with the grand vizier in which he threatened armed intervention of great powers if the persecution of Christians by the Turks is continued.

Kansas Election Returns.

KANSAS CITY, November 5.—The Kansas City Times says that the returns from 76 of the 103 legislative districts in Kansas City which show the election of 39 straight republicans and 37 opposition, classed under the head of democrats, independent and reformers. Last year only 26 members went into opposition caucus, showing that the contest this year had been considerably closer than then. The democrats also elect a senator in the district where there was a vacancy, and also elect a district judge at Fort Scott, the district being one of the three vacancies.

Ashore.

WASHINGTON, November 5—10:15 a. m.—The signal service observer at Barnegat inlet reports a schooner ashore on the north bar, with the wind northwest and a fresh low tide.

A MODEL ARMY.

The Khan of Khokand's Warriors with Whom the Russians are Dealing.

[Hodjent (Khokand) Letter to the New York Herald.]

I wish you could have seen the Khan's army. There were about 4,000 infantry and 2,000 cavalry, with all varieties of uniforms and with all kinds of arms Some, who seemed to belong to the guard, had red or green jackets, with a little gold braid, covered with buttons from every nation under the sun, and one fellow I saw had English Austrian and French, besides of course, Russian. The most of them, however, were in the ordinary gowns tied about the waist with a sash, tucked into wide leather trousers, while a few of them wore the heavy coats of mail that we see in the Caucasus. One officer I noticed with epaulettes bearing the initial of the Emperor Paul. The generals all wore three epaulettes, one on each shoulder and one on the back of the neck. Some of the men carried pikes and some had old muskets, but the majority of them had the heavy matchlock used everywhere throughout Central Asia, while perhaps a score of men had Berden rifles. It seems that three or four years ago a Berdan rifle was stolen from one of our soldiers, and since then the Khokandian armorers have been copying it. The inferior officers for the most part had either little hammer or stick, with which they occasionally beat their men. I should have liked nothing better than to meet the whole lot with half of one of our battalions well armed, but with a handful of men in the midst of this disorderly crowd our situation was anything but agreeable.

Stenographers in Our Courts.

NORCROSS, Nov. 6, 1875.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: Would it not be an excellent idea for the legislature at its next session to pass a bill requiring the employment of short-hand reporters in the circuit courts of the state? The advantages of such a bill are certainly apparent. A stenographer in one minute can write as much as an ordinary writer in seven or eight. Would it not then be advisable for the courts to obtain stenographers, when by this means as much testimony can be written in one day as requires from three to seven otherwise? Much time would be saved to the judges, attorneys, juries, witnesses, etc., and consequently a proportionately great saving in the expenses of the courts. Such bills have been passed in some of the northern states and work excellently. Should not the leading men and journals of the state, especially members of the legislature, take the matter in hand and see that such a bill is passed? I think they should. Respectfully,

A. F. C.

New Advertisements.

To Lease or Rent.

THE two story House, corner Decatur and Calhoun streets, having five rooms, double kitchen attached, with a good back store room, which has been occupied for the last three years as a Retail Liquor and Cigar Store, which is now offered with, a nice garden spot, to a good tenant.
nov6—d2t T. BURKE.

The Abbeville Medium,

ABBEVILLE, S. C.

ISSUED EVERY WEDNESDAY, BY

Hemphill & Hemphill,

Editors and Proprietors.

A CHASTE, HIGH-TONED AND INdependent Literary, Family and News Journal. Circulates extensively and is the Standard and most popular newspaper in Upper South Carolina.

Its Editorials are thoughtfully prepared; its news columns condensed and a large and intelligent corps of correspondents contribute to the variety of its "make up."

Atlanta can build up a fine trade in the wealthiest section of South Carolina by advertising in its columns.

Subscription $2 00 a year in advance.

Reasonable rates for advertising. Address HEMPHILL & HEMPHILL,
nov3-d3t Abbeville, S. C.

Rupture Cured.

FACTS FOR THE RUPTURED

CORLEW'S CURE.

James Corlew says: "I was ruptured for many years; suffered from trusses worn to relieve it; spent a great deal of money trying one truss after another; war punished terribly, and almost ruined by the ivory 'ball radical cure truss;' depraved inflammation set in, and my life was almost despaired of. While in this distressing condition a friend called my attention to Dr. Sherman's success in treating rupture. As soon as I was able I called on Dr. Sherman. Tried his treatment, which after pursuing the use of for several months, entirely restored me.

"That I am permanently cured I have my own convictions, Dr. Sherman's opinion, and the attesting certificates of two of the oldest and best surgeons in the country. These are Dr. Willard Parker and Dr James M Carnochan.

Dr. J. M. Carnochan, Surgeon-in-Chief to the New York State Hospital, certifies as follows:

"I have this day examined James Corlew, in reference to the existence of a rupture in his right side. The parts where the rupture had previously existed, seem now to be closed or blocked up sufficiently to induce me to give an opinion that at the present time the rupture may be considered as cured.

"NEW YORK, April 10, 1869."

Dr. WILLARD PARKER

Professor of Anatomy and Surgery in New York Hospital, certifies:

"I have examined Mr. James Corlew, and find that he *now* has no Hernia or Rupture."

MR. JAMES CORLEW,

Writes to a friend, May 10, 1865:

"By all means don't tamper with trusses, for my experience teaches me that they are only a source of vexation. I was cured several years since by Dr. Sherman's remedies, and never felt stronger than I do today. You had better go and see him, for I feel assured his treatment is the only certain cure."

DR. WARREN STONE, OF NEW ORLEANS, EXPERIENCE IN REGARD TO

INFLAMED RUPTURE.

Resulting from the use of Gripping Trusses. It has been fully demonstrated that the debilitating effects of the truss too long continued, increases the liability to strangulated Hernia. Of those who have suffered from strangulated Hernia a very large proportion die. Of fifteen cases the following is the result—eleven cases proving fatal.

CASE 1 DIED.

I visited a man about thirty years of age, with the Strangulated Scrotal Hernia; operated on him the third day after the commencement of strangulation, the usual remedies for reduction having been tried in vain. He lingered in pain six days after the operation and then died.

CASE 2 DIED.

I was called in haste, and after night, to see a man about twenty years of age. He had been laboring under Strangulated Hernia from the preceding day, and the usual means of reduction had been used without effect, by Dr. Bonsell. The patient was operated upon, but soon after was bedewed with a cold, clammy sweat; pulse rapid; died next morning at seven o'clock.

CASE 3 LIVED.

CASE 4 DIED.

I was called in haste in consultation with Drs. Worthington and Smith, to visit a young man suffering from Strangulated Rupture. The symptoms were urgent, and I proposed an immediate operation. Soon after the operation he became delirious and feverish, and died on the tenth day afterward.

CASE 5 DIED.

I was called in consultation with Drs. Griffith and Hewson, in a case of Strangulated Hernia. Various attempts were made by these gentleman to reduce it, but to no purpose. An operation was performed. The patient lived for several days, at times presenting favorable symptoms, but finally died.

CASE 6 DIED.

I was called in consultation with Dr. Perkin, to visit a middle-aged man, who exhibited all the symptoms of Strangulated Hernia. The poor man soon died, and on dissection that was found to be the cause of his death.

CASE 7 LIVED.

CASE 8 DIED.

I was called by Dr. Dewees to see, with him, a patient thirty-seven years of age, who was laboring under the painful symptoms of Strangulated Hernia. The condition of the case was such that we found it necessary to operate. The patient died forty-eight hours after the operation.

CASE 9 DIED.

I called to visit Robert Walker, Esq., aged thirty-seven, who was in great pain from a Strangulated Hernia. He had been ruptured for many years. Operated on him after all other means of relief failed. He seemed easy the next morning, but died during the day.

CASE 10 LIVED.

CASE 11 DIED.

I operated, to-day, for Strangulated Femoral Hernia. The patient wore a truss. Strangulation occurred in the act of vomiting; second day after the operation, abdomen tender; countenance dejected; pulse one hundred and twenty, and weak. The patient died.

CASE 12 DIED.

Isaac Lewis was admitted into the Pennsylvania Hospital, afflicted with Strangulated Scrotal Hernia. His case was beyond medical relief; he lingered some time an object of piety, and then died.

CASE 13 LIVED.

CASE 14 DIED.

A poor person was brought into the hospital laboring under symptoms of strangulated hernia. The hernia was inguinal, quite small, in the left side, and had been strangulated for some time, the most available means were resorted to, and the rupture reduced; but early on the fourth day the patient died.

CASE 15 DIED.

I was sent for to aid in a bad case of strangulated hernia. The man had been ruptured twenty-seven years. The condition of his case was hopeless, and he died in a short time.

DR. SHERMAN'S

METHOD OF CURE FOR

RUPTURE.

The cure is effected by Dr. SHERMAN'S method without any any operation, simply by external local applications, both mechanical and medicinal, made daily by the patient, who, while under treatment, can perform any kind of labor, or take the most active exercise with perfect security from dangers of inflamed and strangulated rupture, without the suffering and injury caused by the use of trusses, and without interfering with the progress of cure.

DR. SHERMAN

IS NOW IN ATLANTA, AND MAY BE CONSULTED FOR A FEW DAYS ONLY, AT HIS OFFICE, ON THE SAME FLOOR OF THE YOUNG MEN'S LIBRARY, BROAD STREET.

Persons from the country can receive treatment and return for home same day. Descriptive book mailed for 10 cents.
nov5—dtf

Housefurnishing Goods, &c.

COOKING STOVES, GAS FIXTURES, &c., &c.

HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH,

No. 12 Marietta Street, Atlanta, Georgia,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Cooking and Heating Stoves,

RANGE', HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS,

Slate, Iron and Marble Mantels; Grates; Wrought Iron Pipes for Steam, Gas and Water; Gas Fixtures, Pumps, Rubber Goods,

STEAM FITTING AND PLUMBERS' HOSE.

We call special attention to their stock of Stoves, Mantels and Grates. Their improved COLUMBIA COOK AND EXCELSIOR COOK STOVES, for size, weight, large ovens, power of heating, rapidity of baking, size of fire box, economy of fuel, simplicity and durability, cannot be excelled in the State.

☞ Make it a point always to examine their stock before purchasing.

ALSO,

PRACTICAL PLUMBERS,

Steam and Gas Fitters, Galvanized Iron Workers, &c.

ROOFING, GUTTERING & ALL SHEET METAL WORK

PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Concrete Sewer and Drain Pipe.

AGENTS FOR

KNOWLES' STEAM PUMP.
oct19—dsun-tues&wed3mo

Fancy Groceries.

The Undersigned

WOULD return many thanks to their numerous patrons for their liberal patronage extended and would respectfully inform them and the public generally, that they have now in store, and are continually receiving new additions to their stock which is

Unsurpassed by any in the Whole Country,

and which they offer at Wholesale and Retail at BOTTOM PRICES. Our stock comprises everything in

Staple and Fancy Groceries,

FINE WINES, CIGARS,

Wood and Willow Ware.

Our policy is, and will continue to be, to SELL THE VERY BEST OF GOODS AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES, expecting to realize more from the large amount sold than from large profits. We make

A Specialty of Real Fine Delicacies, Choice Wines, Cigars, Roast Coffee, Ground Spices, Very Select Teas, &c., &c.

We invite an inspection of our stock. Very respectfully, A. M. LEWIN & CO,
oct19—d1m 78 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.

Fire Insurance.

BOX 876 P. O.

GENERAL AGENCY

Liverpool and London and Globe

INSURANCE COMPANY

FOR THE STATE OF GEORGIA.

SAVANNAH, GEORGIA, 1ST OCTOBER, 1875.

In announcing my appointment as General Agent for the above Company in this State, relieving General Joseph E. Johnson, resigned, I beg on behalf of the Company to express to the merchants and public of this city and throughout the State their appreciation of the liberal patronage accorded them since their establishment here, and to offer the assurance that the same liberal spirit which has characterized their dealings in the past will be continued in the future.

Recent advices from the Head Office give the following result of the business for the first six months of the present year and present condition of the Company:

Total Assets, July 1st, $27,382,000 00

Total Fire Premiums received to Jan. 1st, 1875, $71,387,366 70
Total Fire Losses Paid to January 1st, 1875, $46,932,766 85
Total Cash Dividends declared to Jan. 1st, 1875, $9,050,493 16

Assets of New York Branch $3,000,000

On the 31st of December last, the total assets of the Company were

$26,740,000,

and the total surplus over all liabilities, including capital,

$2,302,000,

The net Fire profit of the half-year ending June 30th, increases these figures by

$642,640,

thus making the total assets

$27,382,000,

and the net surplus over all liabilities, including capital, more than

$2,945,000

DIRECTORS IN NEW YORK.

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WANTED.

ALL persons, male or female, white or colored, wanting situations, employment and homes in this city or State, and all persons wanting to employ male or female, white or colored, of any profession, or occupation, will find it to their advantage to call on or address, D. A. GREEN, Superintendent, 23 E. Hunter street, Atlanta, Georgia. oct26—d1w

TO COAL DEALERS.

I DESIRE to call your attention to the fact that I am prepared to furnish to the Trade, A SUPERIOR ARTICLE OF COAL, taken from the old E. T. Coal Company Mine, near Caryville, Tenn.

Soliciting your orders, I am, respectfully,
sep26—d3m D. HART.

FALL & WINTER

MILLINERY.

LADIES' TIES, Ruchings, Sash Ribbons, Fancy Ornaments and Jet Goods, Zephyr Worsted in all colors. A full stock of Hair Goods, and other goods too numerous to mention here. Our New York Millinery has returned with all the

New and Stylish Ideas

of fine Millinery and are now ready to fill orders at short notice and New York style and prices. MRS. A. P. PICKERT,
oct10-deod1m 45 Whitehall street.

O. K. Clothing Store.

Bargains in

CLOTHING.

—AT THE—

O. K. CLOTHING STORE.

32 Whitehall St.

GENUINE BARGAINS AT THE O. K. CLOTHING STORE.

Substantial Cass. Suits for $10
Plaid Cass. D. B. Sack Suits..... $12
Stylish Basket Cass. Suits, $14
Black Corded D. B. Frock Suits..... $16
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French Worsted Frock Suits..... $24 to $25
Cloth Frock Coats from..... $8 to 20
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GENUINE BARGAINS AT THE O. K. CLOTHING STORE.

OVERCOATS.

Oxford Mixed Melton..... $7
Brown Kersey..... $10
Heavy Black Beaver..... $8
Heavy Black Beaver..... $10
Heavy Black Beaver..... $15
Fur Beaver, Silk front..... $10
Fur Beaver, Silk front..... $13
Fur Beaver, Silk front..... $15
Fur Beaver, Silk front..... $20
Fur Beaver, Silk front..... $25
Fur Beaver, Silk front..... $20

GENUINE BARGAINS AT THE O. K. CLOTHING STORE.

YOUTH'S CLOTHING.

A large assortment of Cass. and Worsted Suits from..... $8 50 to $18

GENUINE BARGAINS AT THE O. K. CLOTHING STORE.

YOUTH'S OVERCOATS.

A most elegant stock of Fur and Plain Beaver at all prices.

A Full line of SHIRTS and GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS AT LOW FIGURES.

Call at Once & Secure Bargains.

HAAS BROS.

O. K. CLOTHING STORE

32 Whitehall St.

New Advertisements.

Miscellaneous.

DYKEMAN & SON,

Merchant Tailors,

IN IMPORTED GOODS ONLY,

4 Peachtree Street,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

FINE SUITS A SPECIALTY!

A discount of 10 per cent. allowed to Clergymen sep25—dtf

COAL! COAL! COAL

Yard Cor. of Broad and Alabama Sts.

HAVING leased the old and well-known stand of J. M. Born, Jr., & Co., corner of Broad and Alabama streets, I wish to inform the public that I am prepared to furnish the very best Coal Creek and Alabama clean screened lump coal at prices to suit the times. Call and see me.
oct1 7—d1mo D. A. SMITH.

VIRGINIA WHISKY.
"B. Select"

For Sale by L. B. Folsom,

No. 19 Broad Street,

ATLANTA.....GEORGIA.

I HAVE analyzed the Whisky known under the brand of "B. Select," controlled by Messrs. Walter D. Blair & Co., Richmond, Va., and find it free from Fusil Oil and other impurities, and recommend its use for medicinal and family purposes. J. B. McCaw, M. D., late Prof. of Chemistry Medical College of Va. January 13, 1875.
oct30—d1m

CONCORD WOOLEN MILLS,

SMYRNA P. O.

Cobb County, Georgia.

WE respectfully invite the attention of merchants who buy their Dry Goods in Atlanta, to carefully examine our

Jeans and Cassimeres.

You will find them the best goods of their kind in the market.

We Solicit Comparison.

Encourage home industry and Southern enterprise and keep your money at home. We keep a full supply on hand at the Factory, and Messrs. Silvey & Dougherty, Moore, Marsh & Co., and M. C. & J. F. Kiser & Co., who keep a full line of our goods at wholesale at Factory prices.
oct24-dtf [RICE, LOVE & PORTER.

SADDLE AND HARNESS Manufactory.

EVERYTHING usually kept in a house of this kind will be found here or made to order, and at prices to suit the times.

Repairing of all kinds solicited. Come and see. D. MORGAN,
oct17—d1m 96 Whitehall street.

For Sale.

A DWELLING HOUSE and Lot, corner of Whitehall and Windsor streets. The lot fronts 109 ft. on Whitehall and 217 ft. on Windsor. The house is substantially built of brick and covered with slate; 11 rooms, including kitchen and servants' rooms; is fitted up with water and gas pipes and other modern improvements. Price and terms easy.

Also, 16 one acre beautiful building lots within the city limits, situated between the "Air-Line" and "Georgia Railroad," adjoining Robert Young, P. Berrie, W. T. Gamby and others. This is a very valuable property and can be bought in part or in a body at a very low price for cash.

For further particulars apply at No. 24 Walton street. oct7—dtf

Dry Goods, &c.

The Cheap and Popular Atlanta Store

OF MESSRS.

FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO.,

No. 38 Whitehall Sreet,

ATLANTA.....GEORGIA.

IS NOW OFFERING THE LARGEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST STOCK OF

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FANCY GOODS, NOTIONS, HOSIERY, AND UNDERWEAR, Novelties in Carpets, Oil Cloths, Lambrequins, Cornices and Upholstery Goods, at a saving of 15 to 20 per cent. on each article purchased.

Their facilities are only equaled by the Largest Houses in the Union.

A call before purchasing from other houses is respectfully solicited.

☞ N. B.—Samples sent on application. All orders over ten Dollars, at retail, will be sent Free of Charge to any part of the State. FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO.

BRANCHES:
FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO., Charleston, S. C. FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO., Jacksonville, Fla.
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nov6—d1f

Produce, &c.

M. FRANK & CO.,

WHOLESALE

Produce and Commission Merchants

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

1,200 bales Prime and Choice Timothy Hay.
3,000 bushels Seed and Feed Oats,
100 barrels Onions,
125 barrels Potatoes,
50 barrels Rye Flour,
20 barrels Krout.

Dealers wanting any of the above will find it to their interest to call on

M. FRANK & CO.,
oct24—dtf 19 Alabama Street

Carpets.

CARPETS!

WM. A. HAYGOOD,
21 Marietta, corner Broad Street,
DEALER IN
Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, Curtains,
Lambrequins, Shades and Upholstery Goods.

Groceries, &c.

Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants,

DEALERS IN

Grain, Meals, Seed Oats, Wheat, &c. Are now receiving full supplies of Flour, Corn

Daily Constitution.

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ATLANTA

SATURDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 6.

TO-DAY'S PROBABILITIES: FOR THE SOUTH ATLANTIC AND GULF STATES HIGHER BAROMETER, WITH NORTHWEST TO NORTHEAST WINDS AND COLDER OR PARTLY CLOUDY WEATHER WILL PREVAIL.

GOLD opened in New York yesterday at 115¾, and closed at 115¼.

LOW MIDDLINGS closed in New York at 13. In Liverpool at 6 15-16.

THE elections over—the next political excitement is the assembling of congress

THE French Assembly has voted 1,000,000 francs for the restoration of historical monuments in France.

MARK this: The democrats make their heaviest gains in those states where state platforms were anti-contraction!

SHARON, the millionaire, needed a little money the other day, and mortgaged some of his property in San Francisco for $600,000.

SANTA ANNA has gone into the poultry business, and will now raise hens instead of rebellions, though he confesses that he'd like one more little rebellion.

The Indianapolis Sentinel names, as one of the measures that will mark the early history of the next democratic national administration: a "repeal of the force finance bill."

THE greatest falling off in the democratic vote Tuesday, was in those states where the party mustered under the hard-money and contraction banner.

SPAIN'S consolidated debt is now $2 650,000 000. The whole revenue of the country is absorbed by the expenses of the war in Cuba and with the Carlists, and bankruptcy is inevitable.

THE new Canadian loan has proved a great success in England. The amount asked for, $12,500 000, has been subscribed many times over, and the lowest allotment is at 98¾, the rate of interest being 4 per cent.

IN the far northwest the boundary line is being marked by cast iron pillars, eight feet high, set in the ground four feet, a distance of a mile from each other. The English and American governments set the posts alternately.

MCDILL, republican, gains his election in the eighth congressional district of Wisconsin over Cate, democratic, by the counting in of the votes cast by the Chippewa Indians in Ashland county. The election will undoubtedly be contested at Washington.

A CORRESPONDENT writes to the St. Louis Times from Indianapolis that at the meeting of the state executive committee there, last week, there was but one member of the committee who was not in favor of a platform that was "cold and outspoken against the National bank system."

O. C. KINE, of Mossy Creek, has recently made one of the largest sales of mineral lands to a northern company we have heard of for a long time. They foot up $70,000! The lands in question lie in Cocke county and are understood to be very valuable.—Knoxville Age.

THE president has shown his peculiar aptitude in the selection of a secretary for the territory of Arizona. Mr. Coles Bashford, the favored individual, while governor of Wisconsin, some years ago, accepted a bribe of $50 000 in railroad bonds for appending his signature to the La Crosse land grant bill. Grant believes in giving the sinners a chance.

PROFESSOR EDWARD WARREN, formerly of Baltimore, and a member of the faculty of the Washington university, who accepted the position of surgeon-in-chief of the Egyptian army, has resigned in consequence of an attack of ophthalmia. He served the khedive for several years, and was at one time medical director of General Lee's army.

THE Albany Argus is so elated over the fact, that it prints a copy of the check for $330,435 91, being the first proceeds of the moneys received by the state of New York from one of the ring suits against Tweed et al. This amount came from the estate of Watson, who was county auditor under the Tweed regime, and who took that position as his plunder. The other suits call for six millions more

PRINCE BISMARCK remains in very poor health, though his condition is not at present considered seriously alarming. He has lately been much depressed in spirits in consequence of the illness of his proposed son-in-law, and the death, by an accidental gunshot wound, of his favorite body servant, Heinrich Neidergesaess, who has for ten years past been in the chancellor's service and enjoyed his entire confidence.

—While noting the election of Sportuna to the presidency of the Cuban republic, people should remember that there are no two presidents of cuba libre. Francesco Vicquiera is one of them, but he unfortunately made a little trip, last spring, to the United States and has been making earnest efforts to get back to the battle-torn island," but had to give it up on account of the vigilance of the Spaniards, who would give a fortune to shoot him. Aquilera is waiting chances in New York and Sportuna will run the republic until he gets back.

A NEW line of fortifications is being built rapidly around Paris, including detached forts of the first class. The circle of the defenses around the city will extend over a hundred miles, and it is estimated that the lines of a besieging army would have to be developed over a distance of about one hundred and thirty miles. The present forts, which received such a battering from the Prussian rams during the winter of 1870-71, will be allowed to stand as the interior or second line of defense Any future defense of Paris will require a hundred thousand regular soldiers.

A GENTLEMAN who reached Washington Monday night, is reported to have given the following as the result of a conversation between Hon. S. S. Cox and himself on the subject of the speakership: Mr. Cox says the contest is between him and Kerr, with the chances in his favor. He expects to get New York and Ohio solid in the caucus, and to divide Indiana and Missouri with Kerr, and will have Illinois, Mischigan, Kentucky and the New England democrat. He says Randall will get Pennsylvania and some of the southern states; that Kerr's strength is in the west only, and that he will divide with him. All of which can be taken for what it is worth.

FAST MAIL TRAINS.

The fast mail train between Washington and New Orleans, of which we have heard much, is as great a fraud as its reputed father, Senator Patterson, or the administration itself. We have good reasons for asserting that the train was never contemplated at all in Washington. We have excellent reasons for saying that the most important lines over which the train was to run according to the associated press dispatches, were never consulted about it—have in fact never received a line concerning it from the department. The whole report was baseless. There is not, nor has there ever been an intention on the part of the administration to give the people of the south Atlantic and Gulf states any better mail facilities than they now enjoy, or rather, are compelled to accept.

The administration is now flushed with victory, and the probability that justice will be done the southern states in this or any other matter is small indeed—much smaller than it was six months ago. The administration seems to think that if it does not play the part of conqueror towards us, we should be grateful and expect no more. Well, we are thankful that the bayonet is not permitted to control our ballot boxes, our courts and internal affairs; but it does seem a little hard that no effort is made by the department to quicken our jog-trot trains at a time when a third and parallel fast train is called into existence to accommodate the people of the northwest. We do not complain, for complaints from us would be unheeded. We simply desire to call public attention to the fact.

We presume the excuse of the administration next winter will be that the southern railroads are not capable of making better time. Such an excuse would also be a fraud. The through lines of the south are free of heavy grades, free of ice or snow, free from frosty journals, and capable of twice the average speed that is now made on them. Some of the southern roads are not in a condition to stand the strain of a high rate of speed, but the through lines between Washington and New Orleans are.

We assume as a settled fact that we must get along with our present facilities, which are scarcely an improvement over the mail coach system that existed before railroads were built. Quick communication is reserved for the favored section, and we must do without it. But there is a small favor that the department could grant us without hardly an effort. Let our mails from the north come by the speediest line that is now running. Why do the post office officials persist in sending our mails from the northeastern cities by trains that arrive three hours later than those of a rival route? Why? If we cannot have as favorable mail facilities as the northern states enjoy, can we not be allowed the privilege of receiving our mails by the quickest existing line?

It would seem as if the day would come when the government at Washington would discover that the southern states are members of the union. Perhaps when congress assembles the post office department can be induced to recognize the fact; but in the meanwhile we hope the subordinate officials in the south will have pity on us and permit our northern mails to come over the shortest route.

A STATE REDEEMED

The news from Mississippi grows better the fuller it comes. One dispatch says the conservative state executive committee claim every county in the state, except Madison. This, if true, means a world of relief for the whites of the state, who, though paying over ninety per cent. of the taxes, have not for years had a voice in saying what those taxes should be. The changes in the vote are astonishing. Lock at Yazoo county, for example. It has uniformly given a republican majority of 3,000, but this year it gives a democratic majority of 4,069; "and so," says the dispatch, "throughout the state." In Vicksburg the democrats elected the sheriff, senator and two members of the lower house.

The effect of so important a change on the people was overwhelming. At Sardis the scene when the returns came in is said to have "beggared description." The people were wrought up to a frenzy of excitement and enthusiasm. Staid and sober old men yelled and shouted through the streets. Bonfires lit up the town, while the heavy booming of guns was heard in various directions, heralding the glad tidings of one of the greatest and most glorious victories that ever came to an oppressed and down trodden people.

Large numbers of colored people voted with the whites. Such an overwhelming victory would be impossible in Mississippi without their cooperation. And it is said that while many negroes voted the conservative ticket, many more aided it by staying at home. Their eyes were opened to the fact that the carpet-baggers were not their best friends, and they wisely concluded to try the whites a while. They will have no reason to regret the change. In spite of the excitement and deep interest, no disturbance occurred at the polls in any part of the state—a fact alike remarkable and gratifying.

The figures are not compiete, but enough is known to show that the conservative majority in the lower house of the legislature will be not less than thirty, and in the senate from six to eight. This is sufficient, says the Memphis Avalanche, to put L Q C. Lamar in Alcorn's place in the United States senate. Ames tried to continue and consolidate his power by seizing his colleague's seat, and he builded better than he knew. His despotic and corrupt course has culminated not only in his own speedy overthrow, but in an early dispersion of the whole vile brood that has infested the state since the war.

THE THIRD TERM.

The third-termers are reported ahead in Washington, and carrying all before them. Joy pervades the White House and all the departments, but not perhaps the breast of the treasury chief. Chandler is an avowed third termer. He was a third termer before his appointment. The appointment in fact means business. The friends of Blaine and Conkling and all the rest are confounded. "Hartranft's re-election and Rice's victory," says one correspondent, "have silenced the opponents of the president. From to-morrow will go forth, as far as the republican leaders here in Washington can urge it, a fresh propaganda of the third term. In this proposed canvass to secure the republican nomination for Grant next year his friends have hit upon the ingenious idea, if indeed it has not been suggested by the president himself, that the question of inflation should not be a presidential issue, but should be referred back to the people in their various congressional districts, to be settled in the way Horace Greeley proposed the free trade issues should be settled when he accepted the presidential nomination. This project shows no mean strategic powers on the part of the third term managers at the very outset of theis new movement In this way they will hope to safely sail around the rock of inflation upon which the democracy are splitting, east and west."

As to the nomination it is believed that Grant will have nearly the entire vote of the southern republicans to start with. Add to this the hard-money men who will not care to swap horses in crossing the stream, and the anti-Catholic elements as secured by the Des Moines speech, and the want of concentration of republican strength on any other man, and Grant's chances for a nomination must sell at the head of the pool. He will be the nominee unless a marked change appears before the convention meets.

A war with Spain, and that failing a war with Mexico, is a necessary and inevitable part of this wicked movement. What a prospect opens up before a country of freemen? Think of it—the unwritten law of the land set aside to gratify the ambition of a military favorite and the avarice of the rotten rings that hedge him in and thoroughly control him, and the whole plot put through the ballot boxes at the expense of a hasty and unnecessary war! We are fast coming down from the lofty republican heights that the Fathers fashioned.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Threatening Financial Condition in Europe.

Another Row in Beecher's Camp.

The Indictment of Gen. Babcock.

ANOTHER MURDER.

A Columbus Man Kills a Troup County Planter.

[Special to The Constitution.]

COLUMBUS, GA., Nov. 5, 1875.

A difficulty occurred this afternoon between a young man by the name of Douglass Cadman, of this city, and J. R. Forbes, a planter of Troup county, in which Forbes was shot through the head. At first it was thought that the fearful wound was mortal, but there are some hopes of his recovery. Cadmas was arrested.

The preliminary examination will probably take place to-morrow. H.

NIC THOMPSON.

His Case to Come Before the Supreme Court Again.

[Special to The Constitution.]

QUITMAN, GA., November 5.

The superior court of this (Brooks) county is now in session, and in the case of Nic Thompson, the murderer of Capt. J H Hunter, with whose case your readers are familiar, it having been before the supreme court another, motion for a new trial was made upon the grounds of newly discovered evidence. Judge Hansell overruled the motion, and it will be carried to the supreme court again, the bill of exceptions having already been filed by the prisoner's counsel. Judge Hansell has not signed the bill of exceptions as yet, and the court adjourned this evening until Monday morning, when the case of Ben Jordan, who struck Capt Hunter with a stick at the time of the fata difficulty, will be called. He will tried for murder in the second degree.

Mc

GORDON'S VIEWS.

His Opinion of Tuesday's Reverses.

The True Course for the Future.

(Telegram to The Constitution.)

CHARLESTON, November 5.—Senator Gordon, of Georgia, who is visiting this city, was interviewed by a News and Courier reporter to-day upon the result of Tuesday's election. He attributes the democratic reverses to the fact that the currency issue divided public attention from the corruption and maladministration of the republican party, especially in its southern policy. He said "the republicans would be glad to fight the battle of 1876 upon the new issues, and it does not matter with them much what these new issues are, whether they be currency, the acquisition of Cuba, or a war with the Pope. Anything rather than their own record. The national democracy will make a serious mistake if they permit any of these new issues to be brought into the presidential canvass next year. I am satisfied, however, that after the session of Tuesday, the national democracy will make the currency question either paramount or prominent, and that both wings of the democratic party on the currency question, and the liberal republicans will unite in '76 in favor of the constitution, local government, honest and economical administration.

Railroad Sold.

ST. LOUIS, November 5.—The eastern division of the St. Joseph and Denver railroad has been purchased by the bondholders' committee for one hundred thousand dollars. The west section will be sold to day. The new company will be formed under the name of the St. Joseph and Pacific road. It will be completed to Philadelphia.

McGrath, the forger, was arrested to-day on the steamer Indiana. He had engaged to work out his passage.

Pork Packers' Convention.

KEOKUK, IOWA, November 5.—The meetings of the pork packers' convention have been adjourned. Resolutions were adopted favoring the discontinuance of buying on commission, and prescribing a reduction for unmerchantable hogs. Reports were made by delegates from different points, which indicate a crop equal to last year. No serious results are apprehended from hog cholera.

Financial Swindles in Britain.

LONDON, November 5.—The Times in a financial article this morning, denounces the operation of the co operative credit bank as a scandal and disgrace to the city, strongly intimating that it is swindling the public by dint of its unconquerable audacity, and unscrupulous dissemination of puffs; it fosters schemes like the Kentucky and Kansas City railway, which asks for a loan of two and a half million dollars, when it was sold for debt last May. The failure of Dr. Strausberg, the great railroad contra tor, severely threatens Russian commercial credit. Many failures have already occurred and the banks are in a state of fear, which reacts on the London money market.

Exploded.

PITTSBURG, NOV., 4.—The steamer Tigress exploded her boiler to-day, and badly scalded three of her firemen.

The Sick Man.

CONSTANTINOPLE, NOV. 4.—General Ignatiff, the Russian embassador, had a long interview with the sultan yesterday. He represented to him the maladministration of the country, the discontent of the population, the dilapidations of the finance, and the consequent urgency of reform.

ST. PETERSBURG, November 4.—It is semi-officially announced that Russia has sent no communication regarding Turkey to the signatories of the treaty of Paris as reported. That good understanding is continued, and under the circumstances a continued interchange of views is unnecessary.

Is Beecher Guilty?

NEW YORK, November 5.—At a meeting of the members of Plymouth church on the cases of Mrs. Francis D. Moulton and Deacon West, who had been notified by the examining committee of the intention of dropping them from the membership for non attendance, Deacon West was not present. Mrs. M. was present with her attorney, Prior. There were sixty members of the church present, half of whom were ladies. Prior read the answer written and signed by Mrs. Moulton, concluding as follows: My absence is an enforced one, and is caused by the crime of adultery committed by Henry Ward Beecher, the pastor of this church, with one of his parishioners, which I know to be a fact through Mr. Beecher's confession to me, and through the confession of Mrs. Tilton, and through conclusive evidence of the crime from other sources. I appear before this church in loyal obedience to the summons which I have received, and I hereby declare my disposition and desire to discharge all the duties devolving on me as a member, that are consistent with my knowledge of the adultery of the pastor, and his false swearing with regard to it.

A silent vote was taken, and the name of Mrs. Moulton dropped from Plymouth roll of membership.

It is stated that there has been a committee appointed by the congregational association of New York and Brooklyn, to inquire, on the part of the society, into the truth or falsity of the charge against Rev. Henry Ward Beecher. The committee, it is said, will enter upon the discharge of their duties at once.

Illicit Distillers Captured.

NEW YORK, November 5.—Several deputy marshals, after being driven off once, succeeded in capturing an illicit still in full blast, in Brooklyn.

The Claflin Case.

NEW YORK, November 6.—Judge Benedict decided the motion to quash the criminal indictment against H. B Claflin & Co., in silk smuggling frauds. He stated that the indictment contains four counts, viz: First, that of concealing smuggled goods. Second, facilitating their transportation. Third, facilitating their sale. Fourth, the counts of indictment make general allegations of the violation of law. This was vague and cannot be sustained, and therefore, the motion, as to this count, was granted. But as to the other three counts, the motion to quash was denied and indictment sustained.

Mississippi.

WASHINGTON, November 5.—The attorney general has a dispatch that District Attorney Wells, whom he describes as the administration candidate, has been elected to congress from Mississippi by 9,000 majority.

The President's Private Whisky Ring.

WASHINGTON, November 5.—The attorney general has no advice of the indictment of Gen. Babcock and Orville Grant at St. Louis.

Gen. Babcock remarked that he did not care to take any notice of the report unless it should be verified.

The Star says that Gen. O. E. Babcock, private secretary to the president, says, with reference to the special dispatch from St. Louis to the Cincinnati Enquirer, stating that he has been indicted by the grand jury at St. Louis for conspiring with the distillers of that city to defraud the government of the taxes on crooked whisky, that he does not believe that any indictment has been found against him, for several reasons. In the first place, the news of the indictment appears in an opposition paper. In the second place, he has never had any intimation from any source that his name was to be presented to the grand jury; and, finally, that he knows nothing of, nor has he ever had any connection, directly or indirectly, with the whisky ring. Until he receives reliable information that such action has been taken by the grand jury, he, of course, will have nothing to say. Of the man Fitzroy, who, it is said turned state's evidence, he knows nothing, although he believes he did see him once, and only once, in St. Louis.

Appointed.

WASHINGTON, November 5.—John R Valentine has been appointed United States district attorney for the eastern district of Pennsylvania.

American and Spanish Claims.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—M. Bartholdi, the umpire of the American and Spanish claims commission, for the settlement of the claims of citizens of the United States against Spain for wrongs and injuries committed against the persons and property in the island of Cuba since the present insurrection, has returned the following cases, which were submitted to him by arbitration, with his decisions and awards thereon: Joaquin G. Deangeryia. The Spanish authorities were duly notified of the American citizenship of the claimant months before the levying of an embargo upon his property, and have acknowledged his innocence of any complicity in the insurrection. The property was taken in 1869, and was not returned to him before the year 1873 and 1874. The Spanish authorities are liable for the unjust detention of it, and for the injury it sustained while in their possession. The umpire awards the sum $748,180 with interest from the date of the decision until paid, at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum.

Pedro S. Iscellera. No damages can be awarded to the claimant for injuries received in a private quarrel. The proofs do not show that he was guilty of any offense, or that there was sufficient power for arresting him, and that he was entitled to a trial before a competent tribunal, and was released from imprisonment only after a detention of 16 days. By the exertion of the consul general of the United States in Cuba, three thousand dollars damages with six per cent interest from Sept. 1, 1870 to the day of payment, are awarded.

The case of Francisco C. Isgermiero was dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

The case of Jose M. Deortega was dismissed, as the proofs show that the claimant, who was of foreign birth, had not complied with the naturalization laws.

New York Election.

ALBANY Nov. 5.—The returns received by the Argus give a majority for Bigelow of 16,798, with the prospect of a further increase.

Minnesota.

ST. PAUL, Nov. 5.—The legislative returns are as yet meagre, but the democrats seem to have gained four or five members so far. This, if it does not offset the republican gains, will make the vote very close in the legislature.

Navigation of the river north of here was closed last night by the cold weather now prevailing. Several boats are frozen up.

Died.

ST. PAUL, November 5.—Rev. S Y McMaster, D. D., L. L. D., rector of Christ church here, and well known in Protestant Episcopal circles throughout the country, died to-day, after a long and painful sickness.

Ship Abandoned.

NEW YORK, November 5.—The schooner Geo. S Hart of Boston for Savannah was abandoned in a sinking condition on October 31, and her crew were brought here.

Cable Rates.

NEW YORK, November 5.—The direct cable opens at midnight. The rates are 75 cents in gold per word.

French Politics.

VERSAILLES, November 5—Due De Audeffret Pasquiere is elected president of the assembly by a combination of the left and a part of the right. This is regarded as unfavorable to the Bonapartists.

A Reception.

CHARLESTON, Nov 5.—At a reception given to Gov. Chamberlain by the chamber of commerce to day, was the occasion of the largest gathering of that body that has been known for years. In reply to congratulations upon the wholesome effect of the reform of his administration upon the commercial prospects of Charleston, and the material interests of the state, the governor reiterated his pledge to give good and honest government to South Carolina, and expressed deep gratefulness at his reception by the business men of Charleston.

Railroad Meeting.

NEW YORK, November 5.—The stockholders of the Pacific railroad company, held an adjourned meeting, with J. Van Schaick, presiding. Half of the entire capital was represented. Resolutions were unanimously adopted, requesting the present board of directors to resign. A committee was appointed to procure the resignation of the directors and to name their successors. The committee were instructed to co-operate with the county of St. Louis, in getting an assignee in bankruptcy, if it became necessary, in order to get the lien to the Atlantic & Pacific railroad company cancelled.

Crops in Europe.

WASHINGTON, November 5.—Ellison & Co., of Liverpool, in addition to their usual monthly report, have issued a review of the cotton trade of Europe for the seasons of 1874 and 1875. It takes the place of the annual circular of Ott, Trus. and Trimple, of Zurich, which has been discontinued.

A comparison of the deliveries of cotton in Great Britain and the count for the past five seasons, do not show that the circulation of the continent is gaining ground upon that of Great Britain, where the consumption was less the last season than in any of the previous four, and may be taken as a mere passing variation, such as the continent figures also show. Judging from weekly delivery the falling off has been the same in both cases during the season just closed, from a number of estimates, including the national increase of spindles, the effect of the factory act, and other circumstances bearing upon the consumption of raw material, it is found that the requirements of Europe for 1875-6, will be three per cent. greater than last season, or 5,754,000 bales of 382 45 pounds. To meet this demand the report says the area sown this season in America is about 8,755,000 acres, or 233,000 acres representing about 1,000,000 bales, less than the aggregate of the previous three seasons. The season does not promise to differ materially from the average of 1874-5. The yield is not likely therefore to show any very important variation from 4,000,000 bales. Whatever the size of the crop may be, the American spinners will require about 1,300,000 bales. This would leave 2,700,000 bales for Europe, out of a total of 4,000,000, or 2,800,000 out of a total of 4,100,000. On the basis of these figures, a reasonable estimate of import into Europe for the season, would be 2,750,000 bales. The average import from India during the past two seasons has fallen short of 1,500,000 bales, and this is the highest figure we feel justified in adopting for 1875-76. With a continuance of the present scale of prices it is more likely than not that our estimate will not be reached.

Brazil will probably send us no more than last year, say 500,000 bales. But the supply from Egypt may reach 4 0,000 bales, and the West Indies, etc., will probably furnish about the same as last season. Consequently they put total supply at 5,400,000 bales.

This estimate is worked out by some elaborate statistics, go as to show at the end of September, 1876, the stock in the ports will be 170,000 bales of 396 pounds, less than in 1875. In other words, that the balance of unused cotton at the end of next season will be about 540,000 bales, exclusive of the stocks at the mills. These calculations, based as they are on long averages and intimate knowledge of the trade are accepted as foreshadowing the facts as closely as can be expected.

JIM BARKER'S FIRST COURT.

How Jim Bowles, the Mule Thief, was Tried and Sentenced for One Year.

Rocky Mountain News.

Jim Barker, a well known character of the mountains, whose latch string hangs out at the head of Blue Lizzard gulch, was duly elected a justice of the peace for that section of El Paso county at the September election, and Mike Irving, a comrade of Jim's, was empowered to officiate as the executive officer of his court. Last week Jim convened his first court to hear the complaint of elder Slater, a traveling missionary, who had caused the arrest of Zimri Bowles, a resident of the foot-hills, upon a charge of stealing the elder's one eyed mule. Zimri had been arrested by Irving, the constable, while in the act of easing the descent of the mule down Mad Gun mountain, with his lariat fastened to the tail of the animal. The proof against Zimri was conclusive. Accordingly, the justice, after much legal perplexity of mind, proceeded to sentence Zimri to one year's confinement in the territorial penitentiary, which sentence he concluded as follows, "An' now, Zim., sein' as I'm about out of things to eat, an' as you will have the cost to pay, I reckon you'd better take a turn among the foot hills with your rifle, an' see if you can't pick up some meat before night, as you can't start fur the Big Canyon before mornin'." Which marketing duty was performed by Zim. bringing in one black-tail fawn and a rabbit within the time prescribed as a postscript to the sentence. On the following morning the constable, mounted upon his broncho, accompanied by the prisoner astride of the mule which the elder had kindly loaned him, started through the mountains for the penitentiary, where they arrived the second day out, their animals loaded with a deer, two antelope and a small cinnamon bear, which they sold to the warden of the prison. After dividing the money, the constable proceeded to hand over Zimri on the following mittimus, which is carefully preserved, and may be seen in the possession of the warden:

To the hed man of the Colorado prison, down at the foot of the Big Canyon on the Arkansas. Take notice:—Zimri Bouls, who comes with this here, Stole Elder Slater's one-eyed mule, an it was all the mule the Elder had, an I sentenced Zim officially to one year in the Colorado prison, and hated to do it, seein' as Zim once stood by me like a man when the Injuns had me in a tight place, an arter I sentenced Zim to one year for stealing the elder's mule, my wife, Lizzy, who is a kind o' tender-hearted critter, come and leaned her arm on my shoulder, and says she, "Father, don't forget the time when Zim, with his rifle, covered our cabin from Granite mountain an saved us from the Arrapahoes an father I have herd you tell that after you was wounded at Sand Creek, and helpless, it was Zimri's rifle that halted the Indian that was creeping in the grass to scalp you." An then there was a teas splash fell upon the sentence and I changed my mind sudently, as follows; seeing as the mule had but one eye, and wern't mor'n half a mule at that, you can let Zim go at about six months, an sooner it the Injuns should get ugly, an, furthermore, if the Elder shud quiet down an give in any times, I will pardon Zim out instanter.

Witness my official hand and seal,

JAMES PARKER, J. P.

In Blue Lizzard Gulch, El Paso county, in the Territory.

The warden, after informing the constable that he could not receive the prisoner upon the commitment offered, proceeded to explain that he should have given a bond in the sum of about $300 to appear at the district court. Accordingly, the constable withdrew with his prisoner, when it was agreed between them that Zimri should give the constable his bond for the amount mentioned by the warden. This was accomplished by Zimri subscribing his name to an old replevin bond calling for $300, found among the papers transmitted to the constable by his predecessor. Then, as the constable intended returning by way of Pinon mountain, to examine a bear den, where he has been a couple of cubs playing last spring he gave the bond to Zimri to take back to the justice. But Zimri, while on his return, traded the $300 bond to a mountain squatter, just in from Missouri, for a horse, saddle and bridle, and the prisoner is believed to be, at this time, a dashing hunter on the plains.

PUNIC FAITH.

A Most Extraordinary Robbery.

One Colored Servant Skips Out With Another Colored Servant's $ 3,000.

The colored race are progressing. They are beginning to do things on a large scale. A colored servant about a year ago figured in an express robbery in this city, taking and hiding about $26,000 in an old stump, and he is in the penitentiary for it. To commit a magnificent crime is to distinguish one's self. Formerly the colored people contented themselves with small pickings and stealings, such as a miserable chicken, a pig, a bushel of corn or a few watermelons. Only after years of the developing influences of freedom and a be learning have they been able to rise to the dignity of grand thefts. At the present rate of advancement we shall see them qualified to hold the highest offices in the gift of the nation, and to peculate with the best of them. The distinguished colored thief whom we mentioned above is a man, an elderly man. Now we are treated to a case of a colored woman rising to the height of a splendid theft. In the man's case the thieving was from thieves. This detracts from its grandeur and shows the inferiority of the colored man to the colored woman, who in the story we are to relate, robbed her next friend, a woman, her fellow servant, her benefactor.

For six months or more Emily (her surname the family never learned) lived with the family of Joseph L. Hall, No 526 West Court street, in the capacity of servant. She is a colored woman about thirty years old, and came here from Springfield, Ohio. Her character as a servant is excellent. She has always stayed long at places—as long as she chose—received high wages, and is always in request. About two months ago she went to Springfield, Ohio, and sold a lot of real estate she owned there and brought the first payments on it—thirteen thousand dollars cash and two mortgaged notes—home with her and secreted it in her trunk at the house of Joseph L. Hall, where she was living. Never a word did she say about her treasure to any member of the family. Mrs. Hall a little before this time wanted another servant and commissioned Emily to bring one. Emily secured the services of Louise, whose surname is unknown to the family, and brought her to the house, associated with her and treated her kindly, but did not tell her about the money in her trunk—not at first. About four weeks ago Emily was sick, confined to her room and bed, unable to get up. Then she told Louise to take the money from her trunk and give it to Mrs. Hall for greater security.

"I won't do it," said Louise. "What's de use of trustin' white folks wid dat money when dey's plenty nigger capable of takin' care of it. You just shes up. Dat money's safe."

So it was safe when Emily recovered—safe and scund, and all there, for aught she knew—with the two mortgage notes for other sums remaining due on the property. It remained safe and intact until last Sunday night, when Louise stayed away longer than usual—stayed out beyond the time she promised to come back—stayed out all night. The circumstance naturally suggested her trunk to Emily. She looked, and lo! her money was gone. Only a few hours before Louise left, she had inspected her possessions, and the money was there. Flash, flash, broke the truth on Emily's mind. The money was where Louise was, but where was Louise?

The question has not been answered yet. Much searching has resulted in ascertaining that she is not in Cincinnati. It was definitely ascertained that Louise bought a ticket by the Short Line railroad for Louisville, and that she left Cincinnati for that city, probably on Monday morning. Emily accompanied by a detective, has gone in pursuit, and no word has been heard from her yet. Emily's general truthfulness, and the known fact that she has had property in Springfield, are taken by those who know her best, as guarantees that she had the amount of money that she claims to have had in her trunk. Other evidences that she had money are that she has been giving money around freely among the colored children of her acquaintance in sums of fifty cents, a dollar and upward, since her return from Springfield.

A PRETTY WIFE MURDERED.

Unparalleled Brutality of an Italian Husband.

Exciting Scene in a Roman Court—The Victim's Mother Demanding the Prisoner's Head—Cowardice of the Murderer.

[Roman Correspondence of the London Times.]

The Roman court of assizes has passed sentence of death upon a murderer, the verdict for once having been unaccompanied by the recommendation of extenuating circumstances. In this case, however, public opinion has been fully aroused to the heinous nature of the crime.

On the morning of the trial, and notwithstanding that nearly five months have passed since the crime was committed, a crowd assembled betimes at the door of the prison. As the murderer was brought out the mob saluted him with a storm of hisses, groans, and imprecations, and, accompanying the van, kept up the same chorus along the entire route from the prison to the court. As they rushed into the court house, when after the prisoner had been placed in the dock and the court had entered—the doors were opened, they hurled another storm of detestation upon him; when he attempted to excuse the deed by seeking to cast an imputation on his young wife's character, the women in the crowd shrieked out, "A morte! A morte!" and when his victim's mother had given her evidence, she strode along the estrade on which the witnesses sit to be examined, and raising her hand aloft before the president, cried out, "Voglio la sua testa; avete capito? Voglio la sua testa." ("I want his head; do you understand me? I want his head."

Felomena Ricci—or, as she was called by those who knew her, "La bella granarola"—was a Trasteverina of great beauty, that type so well known through Raphael's portraits of his "Fornarina." But Felomena was not only a handsome, spirited girl; she is described as having been as good as she was beautiful, and a great favorite even with those among her companions whose mothers held her up in the odious light of an example. But she had the misfortune of marrying a vagabond, who possessed the idea that it was a wife's duty to labor that he might live in idleness. The poor girl did her best, but the harder she worked the greater became the requirements of his pleasures; then he began to beat her, and finally endeavored to insist that she should lead a life of shame to supply him with money. This brought about a separation. Felomena fled to her mother's house for protection, and after a short while Vincenzo professed regret. He would lead another life, he had not really intended what she imagined, he only thought to try her, he would do all he could to make her happy. The girl was only too glad to believe his protestations, and, putting her arm in his, they went off to celebrate their reconciliation by a country ramble and a merenda at one of the wayside osterias outside the gates. Radiant with returned happiness—a popolana told a friend of mine that she had "such hair and such eyes as would enamor the angels"—she was clinging lovingly to his side, when, having reached a secluded part of the road, the brute stopped, faced around on her, and told her to say her prayers on the spot, for there he intended to kill her. For that purpose he had brought her out. But, fortunately—though it proved to be only a temporary respite—before he could accomplish his purpose, some people came up, and the girl escaped. "You've got the picture of some saint upon you," he exclaimed, "but it will be for another time." Again she took refuge with her mother, and obtained work in a granary near the forum, where a number of other girls were employed in sifting corn.

On the morning of the 28th of May she was busy among her fellows, when Vincenzo, all amiability and smiles, makes his appearance among them. He sits down beside his wife, takes her hand, begins to use words of love and affection, and Felomena's companions, from a feeling of respect, moved to the other side of the room to leave them the more in private. Fearing no danger there among her friends, her eyes began to brighten with hope, but as they talked she stooped to pick up something, and then Vincenzo, with a sudden movement, taking her unawares, flung her full length upon the ground, put his knee upon her, and before the others, paralyzed with fright, could prevent him, plunged a long knife six times into her body, killing her on the spot. His object accomplished, he brandished the bloody knife in the faces of the girls, threatened them with death if they attempted to follow him, and then dashed out of the place. Some of the more courageous however, sprang after him, raised a hue and cry, and as he fled across the forum he came full in the face of two agents of public security, who caught him red-handed.

The murderer, during the trial, showed great cowardice. When he was brought in, he drew out two white pocket-handkerchiefs, and, burying his face in one, began to shed tears, or made a pretence of doing so. He tried to excuse his crime by casting imputations on his wife's virtue, an attempt the people who knew all the circumstances of the case soon drowned in execration. He then wept again, and began to call his victim "*La mia povera Felomena*," whom he had always loved. When he saw there was no longer any hope, he began to cry out that he repented of his crime, and implored mercy, and, finally, when sentence of death was pronounced upon him, he threw himself down on the ground screaming in an agony of convulsive despair—simulated agony one must suppose, however, for he is reported to have eaten a very hearty meal shortly after being removed from the court.

In the meantime the murderer has appealed, and it remains to be seen how much of the sentence the philanthropic sentiments of the judges of the court of cassation will lead them to annul.

Amusements

Concert, Tableaux, Etc.,

— BY THE —

Improvement Society,

Of the First Baptist Church.

DeGIVE'S OPERA HOUSE,

November 9th.....8 o'clock, p. m.

nov6—d3t

GRAND CONCERT

— AND —

TABLEAUX.

DEGIVE'S OPERA HOUSE!

Monday Evening, Nov. 8, 1875.

Given under the auspices of the

The Ladies' Dime Club

of the Central Presbyterian Church, for the benefit of the Parsonage Fund. A full programme, embracing some of the finest amateur musical talent of the city. Ticket on sale at G. P. Guilford's, Phillips & Crew's, Young Men's Library Rooms and at the door. Admission 50 cts. [nov1—d1f

ENTERTAINMENT

— AT —

James' Hall,

— OF —

Saturday evening, Nov. 6th, 1875,

CONSISTING OF

Charades, Comedi ettas,

TABLEAUX VIVANTS, ETC.

Conducted by the Committee of Georgia Lodge, No. 122, I. O. of G. T.

FINE MUSIC!

will be provided, and a large attendance is solicited, as the proceeds will be used for a benevolent purpose. Admission 50 cents.

nov6—d1d

Provisions, Groceries, Tobacco,

(ESTABLISHED 1852.)

ATTRACTIVE STOCK & PRICES

Great Inducements to Cash Buyers.

The most Favorable Terms to Merchants in good Credit-making Purchases on Short Time. Many articles not mentioned in this list may be found in my stock.

20,000 lbs. Bacon Sides.
20,000 lbs. Bacon Shoulders,
15,000 lbs. S. C. C. Hams,
25,000 lbs. choice Lard in barrels,
3,000 lbs. choice Lard in 25 and 50 lb. cans,
100,000 lbs. C. Rib Bulk Sides, loose and packed in half casks,
10,000 lbs. Bulk Shoulders, packed,
2,000 bushels Prime Kentucky Feed Wheat—White, Red and Amber.
5,000 bushels Winter Rust-proof Seed Oats,
2,500 bushels Black and White Seed Oats,
3,000 bushels Feed Oats,
2,000 bushels choice Stock Feed Oat and Corn Meal, mixed,
40 car loads White Bread Corn,
5 car loads Mixed Corn,
1,000 bushels mixed Corn,
200 bales Hay—Timothy and Native Grasses,
100 barrels, all grades of Flour,
100 barrels Flour in sacks,
5,000 lbs. Carolina Rice in tierces and barrels
Crackers of all kinds, at manufacturers prices,
Candy at manufacturers prices,

Tobacco Department.

MY STOCK OF TOBACCO S, SNUFFS CIGARS AND CHEROOTS, IS LARGE AND COMPLETE, EMBRACING SOME OF THE FINEST GOODS EVER SOLD IN THIS MARKET. PRICES AND TERMS GUARANTEED.

A. K. SEAGO,

Wholesale Dealer in

Tobaccos, Cigars and Snuff

100 bags Rio Coffee,
200 bbls. A. B. ex-C. C. and Yellow and Brown Sugars,

When visiting the city don't fail to call on the subscriber. Send your orders to

A. K. SEAGO,

Office, 35 Mitchell street. Warerooms 89, 92 and 94 Forsyth street.

100 barrels Lime,
1,000 lbs. Live Geese Feathers,
150 hhds., tierces and bbls. Sug

Daily Constitution.

ATLANTA

SATURDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 6.

Preferred Locals.

For real Delicacies, Choice Wines, Liquors, Cigars, New Crop Select Teas, Fresh Roast Coffees, Pure Spices, &c., &c., at the very lowest prices, go to A. M. Lewin & Co's, 78 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS,
WM. McNAUGHT & CO.

See Daily and Weekly CONSTITUTION for specimen of our "news." mar11-1y

Our Daily Food.

Adulteration prevails most extensively where it could and should be discerned with, and where it is most oppressive and difficult for its victims to endure, that is, in our daily food. Food is a most important necessity and it should be wholesome and nutritious, as nature formed it, without any detrimental additions If all articles that are used in our daily food are as pure and healthful as DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING Powder and his Flavoring Extracts we should escape many of the ills of life The manufacturers of these preparations believe in giving the public reliable articles.

nov5—dsat-sun-tues&thur&wit

New Advertisements.

To lease or rent—T. Burke.

Advertise in Sunday's Constitution.

Will hear you my song—J. M. Holbrook.

Commission merchant—T. P. Stovall.

DeGive's—Concert, tableaux, etc.

Notice—W. L. Calhoun.

Advertise in Sunday's Constitution.

Good—B. G. Kelley.

Our list of prices—M. & J. Hirsch.

Hostetter's stomach bitters,

Advertise in Sunday's Constitution.

Taken by mistake—L. deSaulles.

Lady clerk wanted—D.

Employment wanted—L. J. H. Vinson.

A little carriage—Mayson & Norman.

Advertise in Sunday's Constitution

The Warwick collar.

The French language—Dr. Ward.

Fresh Fish—Thomas Duggan.

Ladies' box-toe—G. H. & A. W. Force.

Horses at auction—G. R. Boaz.

Advertise in Sunday's Constitution

TOWN TOPICS.

—Two prominent members of the "Silver Grays" have resigned.

—Gate ladder company gives a dance at their hall on the 29th.

—"I wish I had time to quit," was the remark of a divine while he was speaking.

—The police and police commissioners are not allowed to electioneer to-day.

—On Thursday for the first time, the United States district courts were in session in Savannah and Atlanta at the same time.

—Maj. p's hotel at Greensboro is one of the most popular resorts on the Georgia railroad. Everything is up top.

—The yard in front of St. Phillip's church has been sown in grass and trees planted out.

—A distinguished divine living near Athens carries scissors along with him to cut off his toe nails.

—The suspicious visits of a police officer to the country every other day leads to the belief that the matrimonial fore will have a new garrison soon.

—Remember the grand entertainment at Jones' Hall to-night. The tableaux, charade, commedie tas and statuary are "rich, racy and rare."

—That young gent from Madison who visited Barnesville during the state fair, and staid from 9 to 12 p. m., with his "flame," has sent us a mash ropes of wedding bliss.

—The city was quiet last night. No even a cow arrested. Two policemen and this reporter made diligent search to find a case, but after visiting a ball and running down a negro carrying a trunk, we gave up the search in disgust.

—We are pleased to learn that the prospect for the International Sunday-school convention accepting the invitation to hold its next session in Atlanta is encouraging. We can assure that body that they will meet with a cordial and hearty welcome from all classes.

—The music class of Dalton female college has invitations to giv concerts in Chattanooga, Marietta and Dalton. Professor Schoeider is preparing a can ata for the close of he session of the college on the 27th. It is likely they will give a concert here in January.

—There was a meeting yesterday at the store of G J Briant & Bro. on Decatur street, at once "large and respectable." Three of Bartow's finest looking men were gathered there in the persons of Judge J. Branson, Col. Abda Johnson and G. J. Briant.

—B. S. King, of this city, exhibits fine specimens of corn produced on his farm in Campell county, sixteen miles from Atlanta He has the flint bread corn, the polkberry, the gourd-seed, and the white hominy corn. He states that one car of corn produced two bushels of good corn.

—The oyster supper last night at the residence of Col J G Watkins on Decatur, was well attended, and netted a handsome sum for St. Paul's church. The whistling chorus by "Bro" Dodge was splendid, and "Sister" Middleton as the "Flower Girl" was a success. It was one of the most pleasing entertainments of the season

—J E Gullatt has struck a bonanza. He has invented a car brass of anti-friction metal, and doubtless there are "millions in it." One of these brasses has been in use on the Georgia road since July last and run thirteen thousand miles with only one oiling. The pores of the metal absorb the oil and the friction draws out enough to lubricate it.

—The new Methodist church at the mouth of Merritt's avenue, on Peachtree street, will be opened for the first time Sunday morning. At 9 o'clock, the Sunday school of St. John's and Peachtree Missions will meet in the new church for reorganization. Preaching at 11 a. m., by Rev. W. C. Dunlap, city missionary, and again at night by Rev. D. A Thrower. The church is finished and will be dedicated on the 4th Sunday in this month.

Nominations To-Day.

To-day is the day set aside for the nominating one candidate for alderman and one councilman in each ward.

The voting places are:

1st ward—Davis Hall, Broad street.

2d ward—City hall.

3d ward—G. A. Morris' store.

4th ward—Williingham building.

5th ward—Tallulah engine house.

The polls open at 11 a. m, and close at 6 p. m.

The candidate showing by the returns from the different wards having the highest number of votes for alderman shall be declared the democratic nominee for alderman, and the candidates in each ward receiving the highest number of votes in the ward for councilman, shall be declared the democratic nominee for councilman from that ward.

After the polls are closed in each ward, the votes are to be counted out, and the vote for alderman properly certified by the managers and clerks.

The executive committee meet next Monday evening to receive the vote.

The candidates for alderman are:

O H Jones, G T Ogletree, R C Young.

The candidates for council are:

First Ward—G H Grambling A B Latham

Second Ward—R B Chamberlin.

Third Ward—William Gray.

Fourth Ward—R M Farrar, Dr S Hape.

Fifth Ward—Dr S T Biggers, D A McDuffie.

To-night at James' Hall

will be repeated the grand entertainment in aid of the benevolent fund, and under the auspices of Georgia lodge No. 132 I. O. G. T. The programme is an excellent one, pleasing and varied, and some of the performers are well known favorites of the Atlanta public. The charades are under the management of our old friend. J. J. Conway, and the management of the tableaux and statuary are no novices in the art. It is seldom that the opportunity offers to do good with pleasure to ourselves. The benevolent and the pleasure loving can each be suited to-night. In addion to the splendid programme of Thursday night, the audience will be entertained by one of the best banjoist in the south. Tickets 50 cents, children half price.

Singing Society.

The ladies and gentlemen connected with Pierce chapel, met last evening at the residence of Mr. Henry Tarver, on Washington street, for the purpose of singing and passing a pleasant evening together. Mr T. S. Reynolds was present and conducted the singing, which under his management is always good. Few Sunday schools can compete with that at Pierce chapel in singing. Superintendent Wm. Laird was present at the meeting last night and reports the school flourishing. A large number of young folks were present, and of course enjoyed the evening. These meetings are held weekly and are said to do much, not only toward improving the singing of the school, but also toward cultivating closer friendship among the members.

CHIEFS OF THE RAIL.

The Grand Banquet to the Conductors' Brotherhood.

The Feast and the Flow of Wit, Sense and Sentiment.

Exchanges of Fraternal Feeling between Representative Men of all Sections.

Full Report of the Memorable Occasion, with its Features and Incidents.

Last evening the hospitality of our city was given opportunity for yet another of its frequent exhibitions, and the occasion grew into one of the most pleasurable and interesting episodes of our local history for the year. The assembling of the

CONDUCTOR'S BROTHERHOOD

in our midst, it being a body of true and sterling men from all sections of our common country, was felt to be an event worthy of honorable and particular notice, and our alert representative man at once set about the pleasing task of preparing some expression of kindly feeling and hospitality suited to the occasion. The work was entrusted to hands not wholly inexperienced in such matters, as the result has proven, and last evening

A GRAND BANQUET

was tendered to and accepted by the conductors at the H I Kimball House. The chamber of commerce, upon whose invitation the grand Division decided to hold its present session in Atlanta, Gate city division of the Brotherhood, the Western and Atlantic road, and its associate roads centering in the city, the city road and the railroad men generally of this section, joined in the compliment to the Brotherhood. Capt. B. W. Wrenn, Capt. D. G. Wiley, Maj. Crane, Fred Bush James M. Bradley, Ira D. Fort, Wm. Dunlap, and Wm. E. Rape were among the active parties engaged in the preparations, and we borrow an expression from one of their guests in saying that "they did the business in the usual correct and elaborate railroad style." The decorations and *menu* were placed in the hands of that able and reliable public caterer, Col. George McGinly, of

THE KIMBAL HOUSE.

At dark the arcade of the splendid hotel was a scene of beauty. Far up, hung tastily against the six fine columns of the arcade were beautifully designed banners, bearing the coats of arms and legends of the various states of the union. Between these were bright "flags of the union," catching a brilliancy from the hundred lights of the magnificent sun-light chandelier, gleaming through its myriad prisms. Everything was cosy and bright, and the assembled hundreds who crowded the arcade were lavish in their praises of the arrangements. But these were only suggestions. In

THE BANQUET HALL

the eye was filled with the varied beauties of the display. The long and elegant dining hall held two tables, extending the full length of the room, upon which were covers for over two hundred and fifty guests, while a cross table at the end was set apart for the master of ceremonies, and his chief supporters.

From the ceiling depended and swung in graceful festoons handsome garlands of flowers and evergreens, with pendant baskets of flowers at every point and crossing. The top mouldings were hidden with the spread bunting of the national colors, and were adorned at appopiate intervals with banners upon which were emblazoned the escutcheons of the states. The state of Georgia's coat of arms graced the space to the rear of the master of ceremonies. The grand chandeliers of the hall were hung with flowers and pretty blue and gold bannerets, upon which were named all the states and territories under the government of the United States. The coat-of-arms of the nation were placed over the grand entrance to the hall.

Of the table we cannot hope to put anything like a description upon the paper. We know of no occasion when better taste and a finer spread was exhibited. They have refilled with flowers of sweet perfume, the pyramids, the jellies, the bouquets, the great cakes and the numberless other garnishments and articles of food, together with the wines with the choicest brands of wine, from the delicate Haut Lanterne to the rich and sparkling Krug of a long past vintage. Everything was in a superb style and added another triumph to those already won by the genial McGinly. The corps of waiters were skilful and attentive and we anticipate the result by stating that the occasion was unanimously voted one of the grandest successes of many long experiences. It was the first time, too, as we were given to understand, that such an ovation was tendered to a body of railroad employees anywhere in the union. This notable fact we mention because many of the guests requested us to do so.

HO! FOR THE FEAST

was sounded at 9:30 o'clock, and the guests of the evening, with their invited friends, among whom were most of the thoroughly representative men of the city (as will hereinafter appear,) as embled in the breakfast room. From there they marched into the banquet hall, to the music of a splendid band, engaged and prepared for this occasion. When the guests had been seated at the tables, an address of

WELCOME, BY COL. G. W. ADAIR

was spoken, Judge Lochrane being absent. Col. Adair said.

Gentlemen: In the absence of one of our distinguished fellow-citizens—Judge Lochrane—it becomes my pleasing duty to welcome the Brotherhood of Conductors to this banquet, given by our citizens in their honor. If I understand the leading characteristics of the gentlemen who are our guests, they are noted for being prompt—"on time"—and ready for duty when the whistle blows, and as I see the tables spread out before us it would perhaps, be wrong for me to detain you from them by any extended remarks upon this occasion. This is characteristic, too, of our city. We are a busy people and have little time for talking, but are always ready when it comes to working and eating. We welcome you to this city as being a representative place and because we appreciate you as a body of representative men. I hope during the evening to have opportunity for telling you what I think of you, judging from the faces I see around me. You are welcome in our midst, and we only hope that when the interests of your association shall call you together again, and Atlanta is proposed as your rendezvous, everybody will vote aye. We feel proud that you have come this time and trust that the acquaintance thus begun may be followed up by frequent intercourse in the future. [Applause.]

The supper was then attended to with hearty good feeling, and the bounteous board had full justice done it by all present. The following was

THE MENU.

Oysters on shell—Haut Sauturn.

Soup—Mock turtle, Krug champagne.

Boiled—Turkey, oysters sauce, ham

Relishes—Chow-chow, pecalile, cellery, cranberry sauce, olives, currant jelly, raw tomatoes.

Cold dishes—Roned turkey en sockle, with jelly; smoked tongues, decorated; aspic of oysters, aspic of chicken, roned capon, with truffles; lobster salad, chicken salad.

Entrees—Tenderloin or beef larded, with mushrooms; chicken paties, fried Norfolk oysters. lamb chops, with green peas; old Amontilade sherry.

Roast—Turkey, stuffed with chestnuts; saddle of mutton Westphalia ham; champagne sauce.

Vegetables—Baked mashed potatoes, sweet potatoes, asparagus, green peas, stewed tomatoes.

Game—Canvass back ducks, saddle of venison, with currant jelly, broiled quail on toast, Clos de Vogeot Burgundy.

Pastry—English plum pudding, co'd sauce. Charlotte Russe, Macedonia fruit jelly, rose blanc mange.

Ornaments—Pyramid of cocoanuts, macroons, kisses.

Dessert—Apples, oranges, bananas, Malaga grapes, California pears, figs, cream dates, assorted nuts and raisins, strawberries and vanilla ice cream, lady fingers, assorted cakes, kisses, French coffee, cubaco, maucheno and chartruse.

After the substantial portion of the feast had been dispatched, the cloths were removed and the music and wine were introduced, unlocking the fetters of formality and letting loose full tide of kindly sentiment and good humor.

A sparkling selection of music was followed by a response to the welcome spoken for the brotherhood by grand treasure Collins, of Hornellsville, New York.

MR COLLINS' REMARKS.

Citizens of Atlanta and Brothers of Gate City division No. 23, of the Conductors' Brotherhood:—On behalf of the Grand Division I would return you our heartfelt thanks for the great, the noble, the splendid reception which we have met with at your hands. We came here as delegates from the east and the west, from the north and the south; it is true, we came to transact business connected with our order, but at the same time we have our pleasures as well as our business to attract us. Before leaving our homes in the north—and for many years previous thereto—we had heard of the nobleness, the generosity, the hospitality and the kindly feelings of the southern people. On our way here, after we had crossed what we used to know as the Mason and Dixon line, we beg to see exhibitions of those high traits of character The receptions we have met with all along the lines of our roads, and the hospitality of the people everywhere, and of those now gathered about us at this splendid banquet convince us that the half of the truth had not been told us. Although we had heard so much we have just begun to realize what it all means. As I have been selected to respond to the welcome that has been tendered us—for I am much accustomed to public speaking—it is all new to me—you must take the will for the deed. I only express the unanimous sentiment of the grand division when I say that we feel grateful to you, and only wish we are full of pleasing emotions when we witness this exhibition—one of the many expressions of your kindness to us. We are an order that, perhaps, in some cases has been misrepresented, and it is one of our objects to try to remove the feelings that exist in the minds of some against such organizations We are a brotherhood and intend, if possible, to elevate the character and positions of our members. It is not the intention of the organization to get up strikes or encourage wrong in any shape. Such are not our purposes. Our object is the elevation of that class called "conductors"—to elevate them in dignity of character and strength of principle. And we intend and it is our purpose to make of them better men and better conductors, or employees, that by so doing we may benefit both ourselves and our employers. And I am sure that there is no railroad official who, when he understands this, will fail to assist us heartily to the attainment of our aims There are others here who can do this subject better justice than I, but let me say to you all that we are proud of the reception that we have met with here, and when we go to our homes, whether our lives be long or short, to the longest day of our lives we will remember this generous ovation at your hands! [Applause.]

Mr. Collins proposed the toast: "The State of Georgia."

COL. ADAIR RESPONDED,

saying among other things, I am somewhat at a loss for language with which to respond appropriately—the state of Georgia. It is a proud subject and to a Georgian always a pleasing theme, but now to interest you and in what manner present it to be most pleasing is my difficulty. In *ante bellum* days Georgia was known as the Empire State of the south, and I might give you many reasons why we think she is entitled to that proud distinction to-day. It would not interest you to hear of her fields, and forests and mineral wealth; of her soil, her climate or her great resources and production. Possibly you might take an interest in her railroad history. There the field is wide, and would take up more time than I have to give to speaking of the good old state. Our railroad history is interesting, for Georgia was one of the first states to move in the development of these great enterprises. The second road built in this country reached the borders of Georgia—it was the old Carolina road. The statesmen of that day saw the great north-west looming up and men living to-day—some of them in this very city—moved in the enterprise destined to connect that section with this. It was Georgia men who conceived and carried out the scheme by building the Western and Atlantic road. [Applause.]

Col. Adair then sketched the history of Georgia railroads, from the time, some twenty-five years ago, when he bought the first train of cars to Atlanta, himself the conductor. He then, in a keen and masterly style, sketched the characteristics of the conductor, and painted the true individual character in so apt a manner as to elicit repeated rounds of applause. He closed by proposing as the next toast,

"THE RAILROADS WHICH CENTRE AT ATLANTA,"

which, after music, was responded to by Capt. J. C. Courtney, auditor of the W. & A. road, who said:

Gentlemen of the Conductors' Brotherhood and fellow-citizens:—It affords me great pleasure to meet with you upon this occasion, for when I see your happy smiles and hear your joyous voices around me, I feel that I am not an intruder, but one who came to the city to see the sights—"I'm glad I have come!" [Laughter] My friends, of the committee of arrangements, have done me a great honor in having me to come here to represent them upon this happy occasion, but I fear they have made a mistake like that which a long, lean, lank, slab-sided country boy did, who came into the the depot of the Western and Atlantic road the other day in search of work. He asked "where's the orator of the road?" [Laughter.] After being sent to one of the bosses it transpired that he was looking for the *auditor!* Now, my friends differ from the boy in this, that he asked for the orator and wanted the auditor, while they have secured an auditor instead of an orator! [Laughter.] But I cannot resist the inclination to respond to the sentiment proposed, for I believe that nowhere can be found a congregation of corporations so genteel, generous and amicable as the railroads centering in Atlanta. (Applause.) It is a great pleasure to me to have the privilege of assuring you of the honesty of the welcome that have extended to you. Coming as you do, from far off sections of our country, it is but meet that we should give you this expression of the joy we feel at meeting you and saying a hearty "God bless every one of you!" [Applause.] No matter what may have been the differences of the past, I can say truly that the people of the south are returning to the time honored love of the union these states as a glorious heritage from our forefathers! [Loud cheers.] I will close with the wish that to each one of you the car of your destiny may glide smoothly down the track of time, unobstructed by any ill-will or malice, unmisled by any clouds, rains or winds of adversity, unbiased by warping timbers or corrosive metals and the rattling of each joint echoing joys and ple sures, until the long whistle blows, you disembark at the terminal station, where the grand master will examine your report and endorse it "Well done thou good and faithful servant!" [Loud applause.] In conclusion he toasted

"THE CONDUCTOR'S BROTHERHOOD."

The response was made by Capt. McElroy, of Pittsburg, Pa., who said:

Citizens of Atlanta and gentlemen: This is very unexpected to me and I confess myself unprepared to make any extended remarks in reply. After the very eloquent words to which we have already listened it seems unnecessary to detain you. All has been said that was fit and proper to be spoken concerning our organization. In pursuance of an invitation from the president of your chamber of commerce we have met here in Atlanta to transact a routine business of the order. He briefly alluded to the history of the order and the objects of the order. We have been met here with the most generous hospitality that we have ever encountered anywhere in the land. [Applause.] We will go to our homes and tell our friends that the half of all we should have been told concerning this people was not known to us. It is a pleasure to me to speak for the conductors, and say that we reciprocate your expressions, and will show our appreciation of your many acts of kindness. I have the honor to propose

"THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

of the city of Atlanta." [Applause.] To this response was made by Maj. Benjamin E. Crane, the popular president of the chamber, who said:

Fellow citizens: Glancing around this hall I see the coat-of-arms of every state of this union. [Cheers.] I am told that there are gentlemen here to-night representing every one of those states and I wish to express to you the pride of the pleasure it is to me to say "Fellow-citizens"! [Loud cheers.] It is a pleasure, gentlemen, to get up anywhere in this land—anywhere, from Maine to California—anywhere, from the frozen lakes in the north to the sunny gulf which kisses our southern borders—and say "fellow-citizens!" [Continued cheers.] It is unnecessary to say that I entered, some 15 years ago, an army, and that army was commanded by one whom I believed to have been the peer of any commander in any age—Gen. Lee! [General applause.] The object of the war was to divide this union. I have never surrendered yet and am as much a rebel to day as I was in 1861. [Faint applause.] Hold on!—I was a rebel because the people of the north and the people of the south did not understand each other. [Cheers.] I do full justice to every man in the northern army, and believe each one was actuated like myself and my people, and had the same honesty and integrity of purpose. We did not succeed—the God of battles did not so will it, and I bow to His decree! [Applause.] I am not certain but that it was best that we did not succeed. The speaker then referred to the chamber of commerce and its place in the business of the city, and said: We are proud of our little city of Atlanta. We don't think, as my friend from New York here, that we have a beautiful city, but we do think that we have one of energy and enterprise and which, for its inches, can't be beat anywhere in the United States. [Applause.] He paid a tribute very handsomely to the mechanics of Atlanta, and toasted

"THE LOCOMOTIVE DEPARTMENT."

The band played a brilliant selection of music in which an invitation of the anvil was heard, producing a pleasing effect to the ear. At this point Capt. McElroy rose and said to Maj. Crane:

AN EPISODE.

"Major, you say you are as much a rebel to day as you were in 1861?"

"Yes, sir, I do!"

"Well, sir, I am as much 'Yankee' to-day as I was in 1861, and I'll come three-quarters of the way to meet you!"

And a mild tumultuous applause McElroy walked over to the table and the two gentlemen shook hands in a very cordial and fraternal style

Col. John H. Flynn responded to the toast above stated, but our reporter was too far from him to catch a connected line of his remarks. They were very pleasant and heartily applauded, however. Col. Flynn offered

"THE CITY OF ATLANTA."

In the absence of Mayor Hammock, Hon. Oliver H. Jones was called for and responded, saying:

Mr. Chairman:—I claim to be a representative man of Atlanta and as such it is out of my way to make a speech. The men of Atlanta are working men and not speaking men I have been here from my youth up and 25 years ago I drove a four in hand through these streets—they were old red roads then—not a four in hand like Bonner drives through the streets of New York, but a four in hand of oxen. I was hauling grain that I made myself. and it was used by the poor workman who were building these railroads for you finely dressed conductors to ride over. [Laughter.] The citizens of Atlanta freely and heartily welcome you here to night. You all feel that this is true. [Applause.] I now propose

"THE PRESS."

not the three itself, but the power behind the throne. [Applause.]

This toast was responded to by Sam. W. Small, of THE CONSTITUTION, who could do little more than re-iterate the welcomes of the evening and assure the guests of the kindly feelings manifested towards them.

AN ARTISTIC TRIUMPH.

At this point the orchestra began the execution of the "Rail Galloade," prepared expressly for this occasion by Col. Geo McGinly, the proprietor of the Kimball. The first notice was the sharp sound of a locomotive whistle at the side of the hall, blowing "off breaks!" This startled the guests and when recognized was hailed by a perfect storm of applause. The orchestra struck out with a dashing galopade, accompanied by the sound of the cylinder cocks blowing steam in time with the piston play, and each new strain was greeted with renewed applause. The passage of a train in reality could not have been more distinctly recognized, and when the whistle blew the station signal and down breaks, and the grating of the wheels had subsided, the unanimous plaudits of the assembly confirmed the conception of McGinly as a true artistic triumph.

Capt. Courtney then toasted "the prince and lord of hotel keepers, George McGinly, who had conceived so splendid a novelty, and brought it to such a happy consummation.

To the toast was loudly applauded, but the native modesty of the gallant colonel would not permit him to render a response.

Mr Small now offered the last regular toast of the evening.

"THE LADIES,"

which was responded to by "the handsomest member of the brotherhood," Capt. Joe Packard, of Parsons, Kansas He made many happy hits in the course of his remarks, and announced himself squarely upon the women's rights platform. His remarks were freely applauded.

Msj. Crane and Col. Brou, of Savannah, were heard again upon passing points, when, at 2:40 o'clock this morning the festive occasion was brought to a close by the giving of three hearty cheers each to the "City of Atlanta," the "Chamber of Commerce," to Col. McGinley and to Gate City division of the Brotherhood! And "here's to their good healths and may they live long and prosper!"

CONDUCTORS.

They Expel Their Grand Chief from The Brotherhood.

In yesterday's session of the grand division the committee appointed to investigate the charges against Grand Chief Conductor Cruzen reported that the charges were fully sustained and recommended his expulsion from the order.

Upon motion he was duly expelled from the brotherhood, by an almost unanimous vote.

Why Mullets Don't get Drunk.

Dr. Hickman in one of his lectures perpetrated the following on one of his auditors. Said the doctor, "I will venture to say, that there is not a man present, that has arrived at the age of 40 years, and has practiced moderate drinking all his life, that can say he never has been drunk. "To which a man of 45, and with visible marks of king alcohol upon his face, replied: that he had lived more than 40 years and practiced moderate drinking all his life and had never been drunk. The doctor replied: 'Sir, I cannot understand how it is that you have never been drunk unless it is on the same principle that the negro could not make the fish drunk.

"Bill, (the negro) was eating his dinner one day on a log that lay across the creek. On discovering some fishes, he remembered hearing his fellow servant Jim, say, if you would give fish bread soaked in whisky, they would become drunk and rise to the top.

"By some means, Bill had secured a bottle of whisky that day, and concluded to try the experiment, which resulted in making a fine lot of the small fishes so drunk that Bill could catch them.

"After which he finished his dinner. On his return he discovered that a very large, scaley fish, with a very small head, was swimming in the water under the log.

"'Dar now,' says Bill; 'I make him drunk and I haves a fine lot.'

"But to Jim's surprise, the fish eat all his bread and whisky too.

"'Neber mine,' says Bill; 'I tells Jim about dat, when I sees him.' So when he returned home, he said:

"'Jim, what for I gib sum small fish de bread soak' in liquor and dey come drunk so easily, but one large old scaley fish, wid a small head, eat all de bread and whisky too, and he slit no come drunk, what for Jim.

"'You fool, Bill; dat fish am a mullet head. Dat fish got no brain. Whisky fly to de brain; dats what make 'e drunk.'"

Interesting Meeting.

A protracted meeting of great interest is now in progress at the First Methodist church. Services are held every night and invariably well attended by all ministers are assisting the pastor, Dr. W. P. Harrison, in conducting the meeting. Great good, it is thought, has been accomplished and many persons now feel a profound interest in the meeting. A large number of additions to the church have already been made and others will probably join soon. The meeting seems to be not at all denominational in its nature, Christians of various creeds work harmoniously toge her for the accomplishment of good and their labors seem to be producing an abundant harvest of good. Such meetings are a blessing to any community, when they are over their purifying and ameliorating influences still remain and work like the leaven in the lump.

The Tea Party.

The ladies will surely make a success of the centennial tea party, which is to be given on the 23d inst of this month at the Markham house. Preparations are now on foot which insure that it will be one of the finest affairs given in this city for many a day. Several states will be represented by ladies now resident here, each being a native of the state she represents. The young ladies have also been pressed into service and will make the occasion doubly attractive The tea party will be given for the benefit of the Young Men's Library, and this will insure a large attendance. All who love pleasure may confidently look forward to the 23d of this month as a time for enjoyment. The ladies are all talking the matter over now, and when ladies talk you may be sure that something extraordinary has occurred or is going to happen soon.

Races This Afternoon.

The pleasures of the turf will be enjoyed at Ogletorpe park this afternoon. The races were prevented by the rain from coming off on Thursday, and yesterday they were postponed until this afternoon.

The horses were carried out to the track yesterday afternoon, and quite a crowd had begun to assemble to see the fun when the postponement was announced. Several entries have already been made for to-day's races. There will be two trotting races and some running Several jockeys from Macon and Columbus are here, and they have some good horses. There will probably be four entries for the trotting race this afternoon. Atlanta horses will be entered as well as those from a distance The street-cars will run within a short distance of the fair ground, and it is expected that a good deal of fun lovers will be on hand this afternoon. The races begin at three o'clock.

Buffalo Bill and Texas Jack.

This combination is billed for Atlanta on the 11th and 12th. They played recently in Charleston and the Express says:

Mademoiselle Moriacchi, who accompanies this troupe, is the greatest danseuse who has ever visited the United States. In New York several years ago, during the run of the famous Black Crook, a rival spectacle was organized, and a number of the best danseuses from Paris were brought out in the hope that they would rival the great Bonfanti. There were Diana Sohike, Blassina and Lupo, all first-class artistes, but none of them succeeded in equaling Bonfanti. Then it was that Moriacchi was sent for, and appearing soon after her arrival in the "Devil's Auction, or Golden Branch," fairly eclipsed the favorite.

In addition to her superb dancing, Moriacchi proves to be one of the most bewitching of protean actresses, and in "Thrice married," a favorite play of the Florences, is really charming. The entire performance is a decided success.

Collision.

As a street car was returning from Oglethorpe Park yesterday, it came very near having a collision with a very large drove of fine cattle which were being driv n out of the city. The mules and the cows became so mixed that the driver scarcely knew which of the two he was controlling. No damage beyond the knocking off of a little hair resulted.

First Ward Polls.

The first ward polls will open at Davis Hall (block's candy factory), at eleven a. m., Saturday, November 6th, and close at six p. m., under the management of the following gentlemen:

Dr. W. D. Mitchell, J. T. Pendleton, J. H. Groves, C. Bridwell, R. B. Hutchins, I. J. Cook.

C. W. WELLS,
President.

Ponce de Leon.

Though the season for visiting springs is over, Ponce de Leon seems to be a favorite resort still. We were surprised to find yesterday morning quite a number of ladies and gentlemen there enjoying the surroundings appreciatively as much as if July's sun was pouring his rays upon them.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.

Atlanta Has Several Industrial Schools for Women.

Succinct Account of One.

It Deserves Encouragement.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: Industrial schools for women is not a new or untried thing in Atlanta.

There is, and has been in successful operation for some time in this city, two (and perhaps more) Industrial Schools. The first and oldest, according to my knowledge, is under the management of the ladies of the Central Presbyterian church.

The other, of which we know most, and shall speak more particularly, is connected with the First Baptist church.

It is an outgrowth of the "Ladies' Home and Foreign Missionary Society," of that church.

The ladies found in visiting and supplying the wants of the poor, such an anxiety for work, and yet so little knowledge as to how to do it when obtained, that the idea of an "Industrial School to supply the poor with work, and to teach them how to do it," suggested itself; and the idea had been carried into successful operation.

The first meeting was held in the basement of the First Baptist church, first Monday in June. At which meeting, there were fifteen applicants for admission. The school has met every Monday afternoon since. Applications soon became so numerous, and the means of the school so limited, that they were compelled to limit the number of pupils to thirty, consequently at each meeting they are obliged to turn away many begging admission, because they have not the work to furnish them or the means to procure it.

There are only about sixteen ladies interested in the school—only ten actively engaged. Each teacher has a class and while instructing her class to sew, crochet or read, she reads and explains passages of the Holy Scriptures.

Each pupil is furnished with one garment or piece of work to take home to do, for which she is paid when it is returned at the following meeting.

So far the school has been supported entirely by "dues" and donations from the teachers, and a small monthly contribution from a few kind friends.

It is wonderful to see the improvement, not only in the work, but also in the appearance and moral and social bearing of the pupils. Several pupils are women from fifty to seventy years of age, who with all the others, attest their anxiety and gratitude for the work, by their attention and disposition to please. The school is managed by the members of the first Baptist church, but out of the thirty pupils, only six are Baptists, and only three of these six, members of the church. The remaining twenty-four are members of the other denominations in the city.

The ladies do not beg for money or contributions, (though both would be gladly received,) but they do beg for encouragement, and work. Let those ladies, not only of the Baptist church, but of the city, who put out their plain sewing, allow the Industrial School to have it. The teachers, as far as practicable, pledge themselves that it shall be acceptably done, and it will be bestowing a charity upon worthy objects.

The proposed school is much needed, and none will be happier to see it accomplish its end than the teachers of the Industrial School of the First Baptist church, because they know from experience the great good that may be done by first teaching the poor how to work and then to see that they are supplied with the work.

Grand and possible ities are within the reach of those who can furnish the means, and are willing to devote time and patience to its successful accomplishment. May God bless the work, and each helper.

This is not for publication, as it has been hastily written with no preparation or forethough, but I would be glad if you would, if you think the subject worthy of mention, call the attention of the benevolent to it through the columns of "our own CONSTITUTION." You are at liberty to use any part of this that you may desire, except my name. I only send that as a proof of sincerity.

Would it be too great a favor to hope to see a short notice in Sunday morning's edition? Our hearts and hands are so full of it, that we must be pardoned if we expect too much interest from others.

Respectfully,
MRS. A. J. ORME.

West End Reading Club

In West End there is a reading club composed of the young people resident there and in the city. The organization has been in existence for some time, and has proven such a source of pleasure to all connected that it is sure to live and prosper. Last night the club met at the residence of A. B. Culberson, Esq. The attendance of members was good. A street car chock full of Atlanta beaux went out about nine o'clock and returned about midnight in a state of happiness. The beauty of West end was well represented. It happened that all those whowere appointed to perform literary duties were absent, but the club was regaled with a fine speech by President Edward Hammond, who controls the meetings with a dignity at once impressive and pleasant.

Several new members were elected. At 10 o'clo k refreshments were announced and the elegant table reflected well upon the taste of the hostess. Several ladies of fine musical culture were present and favored the company with a rare exhibition of vocal and instrumental talent. Midnight never came earlier, and was never so regretted. Truly the End West reading club is a charming body, so, at least, thought a youth who was heard to hum as he rode back on the street cars.

"My poor heart is sad with its dreaming."

Another meeting of the club will be held at the residence of Mr. Larkin Smith, next Friday night week. To many it seems a long way off.

A. B. Latham, Will be Nominated!

Because he wants the place badly.

Because he has been here too short a time to know much of the needs or condition of Atlanta.

Because George Grambling will not get more than four-fifths of the votes of the people among whom he has lived all his life, and who know him to be honest, competent and deserving.

George Grambling Will be Beaten!

For the reason that the good people of the ward support him.

For the reason that he has lived here long enough to identify himself with Atlanta and that he knows her needs.

For the reason that nobody wants to vote for Latham, and that very few will vote for him.

XXX.

O. H. JONES IS THE MAN.

Turn out everybody and vote for O. H. Jones. He will represent the city in all its interests better than any other man. Vote for him!

THE PEOPLE.

A Word to the Wise is Sufficient

Who ought to be nomicated for alderman? George T. Ogletree

Who will make the best guardian of the financial interests of the city? George T. Ogletree.

Who is in favor of educating the children? George T. Ogletree.

Who is the old fashioned, honest candidate for alderman? George T. Ogletree.

Who never sought or held an office in his life? George T. Ogletree.

Who will get a majority of all the votes polled? George T. Ogletree.

Who will support Ogletree? The people of the first, second, third, fourth and fifth wards.

ALL HANDS.

Justice Walker.

We were informed yesterday by the friends of Justice J F Walker that the amount collected on tax fi fas by him would perhaps be paid to day. The report that he had left the city with a noted member of the demi-monde is unfounded. His matters are approaching a settlement. From his past high reputation we feel assured that he will come out all right, and everything be satisfactorily settled.

Dime Club Entertainment.

Remember the entertainment of the dime club of the Presbyterian church, which comes off at DeGive's opera house Monday night. Fine local talent is engaged for the occasion and the programme is attractive. The house ought to be full.

Colored Excursion.

The colored population is excited over the prospect of a grand "excursion" to Augusta, which is soon to come off. A car for "de white friends" will be attached, and the sum total of fun may be enjoyed for the paltry recompense of $3.

IF YOUR THROAT FEELS SORE OR UNCOMFORTABLE, use promptly Dr. Jayne's Expectorant. It will relieve the most paroxysm of all phlegm or mucous, allay inflammation, and so give the affected parts a chance to heal. No safer remedy can be had for all Coughs and Colds, or any complaint of the Throat or Lungs, and if taken in time, a short trial will prove its effic-acy.

nov5—dwed-sat-sun&wit3dp

Call on Mayson & Norman to-day and see their fine collection of Imported German canary birds (songsters) which they offer at private sale very low for a few days.

We call attention to the card of Thomas P. Stovall, commission merchant, St. Louis. Col. Stovall long lived in Augusta and is favorably known in this section.

THE SUPREME COURT.

ORDER OF CIRCUITS.

14. Rome	10	18. Ocmulgee	14
15. Cherokee	11	19. Eastern	23
16. Augusta	19	20. Brunswick	4
17. Middle	9		

(The Supreme Court decisions and the daily proceedings of the court are now furnished *exclusively* to THE CONSTITUTION by Capt. Jackson, the Supreme Court Reporter, who *revises the proof.* The decisions frequently cover four or five columns, and the great expense of their publication by THE CONSTITUTION should evoke the support of every lawyer in Georgia.)

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA,
ATLANTA, Nov. 5, 1875.

Thomas W. Milner, esq., was admitted to the bar on taking the usual oath.

ROME CIRCUIT.

No. 7. Argument concluded.

No. 8. Elliott vs. Pinkers et al., administrator. Complaint, from Floyd. Argued. Smith & Branham, for plaintiff in error Alexander & Wright, C Rowell, contra.

No 9. Hawkins vs. the state. Malefactor from Floyd. Argued.

Wright & Featherstone, Mitchell & Glenn, for pl. intiff in error.

Hamil on Yancey, Smith & Branham, contra.

No. 14. Henderson vs. Walker, et al, receivers. Case, from Floyd. Argued.

Johnson & McCamey, Dabney & Fouche, for plaintiff in error.

C Rowell, contra.

No. 10 Executors vs. heirs of Richardson. Equity, from Floyd.

Smith & Branham, for plaintiff in error.

Wright & Featherstone, contra.

Pending the argument of Mr. Branham, the court adjourned until 10 o'clock, a. m., to-morrow.

FULTON SU

The Daily Constitution

THE ADVERTISEMENT.

An "ad" when first looked at, is not seen a all,
And again on the first it unnoticed will fall;
The third time it assumes a familiar place,
And the fourth time is seen in its own familiar place;
The fifth time it is looked at, the looker half reads it,
The sixth time he says: "P.haw! why nobody needs it."
The seventh the "ad" is a source of great pain;
At the eighth he blurts out, "There's that darned thing again?"
The ninth time he ponders "if there's anything in it?"
The tenth time he reads it in less than a minute.
At the eleventh he says he will ask 'cross the way,
If he sees it a twelfth time, how such stuff can pay.
Thirteen times makes him think it may be a good thing;
While a fourteenth perusal the longing doth bring.
Fifteen times he has read and thinks he will try it;
His wife, on the sixteenth, entreats him to buy it.
The seventeenth day 'tis the theme of the home;
On the eighteenth he's told that pay-day is come,
The nineteenth comes round, it is ordered and paid for;
Oh, twentieth reader, that's what adver's are made for!

J. H. S.

BREVITIES.

—Hark! You'll soon hear the British lion growling because he's got another royal baby to support.

—George W. Childs proposes a trip to the south, but will write his epitaph and leave it behind in case of accident.

—A sign, in south Boston, adorns the front of a tinsmith's store, which reads as follows: "Quart measures sold here of all shapes and sizes."

—They call those young ladies who wear clanking chains around their waists, and large hoop bracelets on their arm as far as the elbow, "fashionable convicts."

—A lazy man's churn has been invented in Vermont. It is adjusted to a wagon, and all a man has to do is to drive down the mail, and when he gets back the butter has come.

—Von Bulow complains that the classical ladies of Boston who go to hear Wagner and pretend to understand him "do not know enough to rustle their fans in time with his music.

—Here's philosophy: "The particles that day before yesterday were grains of wheat, and yesterday were nerve and muscle, to-day are sparkling thought. Hence life; hence oysters and all other folks.

—At Henniker, N. H., last week, a remarkable group was photographed, consisting of a great-great-grandmother, great-grandmother, grandmother, mother and daughter—all only daughters.

—Newnham Hall, Cambridge, England, the new ladies college, was opened on Oct. 18, and received into residence twenty-seven students. Miss Clough is at the head of the new institution. Exhibitions and scholarships, of which there are several, are open to competition.

—From the St. Joseph (Mo.) Gazette.—There is one sheep in Montgomery county that hasn't been killed by dogs. He is a ram, and uses his head as a sort of horizontal pile-driver. A pack of fox hounds got after him the other day and he killed all but one and came out without a scar.

—There is but one entirely happy woman in the world. She rules a little nation in India and is called the begum of Bhopal. Her every day title is Nuzeeool-dowlah Omrow Doolah Baku Mahomed Khan Sahib Bahadoor, and all other women turn around to look at her after she has passed.

—A census just taken of the beggars of Paris gives the total number at 65,350. Of these 35,480 are women, 14,560 men, 13,060 girls, and 12,210 boys. They are catalogued under several heads: the mendicants, who do not demand money; the men who play on instruments; the disguised beggars who sell matches, pins and buttons; and the beggars of the Barriere, who are always dying of starvation, looking for their parents, moaning the loss of their employer's money, &c.

—The Prussian nobility is the most punctilious of all Europe, being the youngest and most upstartish. A noble officer of the royal guards recently undertook to marry an estimable young lady without title, one in short, "not born," when his comrades turned their back on him and contrived to make him leave that particular branch of the army. "Caste" is a flourishing weed in the Deutsch garden.

—As workmen were excavating the foundation of a shop in High street, Shoreditch, England, a chest six feet long, three feet deep, and three and a quarter wide was discl sed. On opening it a vast collection of ancient ecclesiastical plate was found. In pre-reformation times a large convent stood on this ground, and as many objects of art disappeared after the dissolution of the monasteries, it is thought that this plate had been buried there for preservation and then forgotten.

"Pa, be you a Universalist?" "No, my son; the Universalists indulge the erroneous belief that there is no hell; I couldn't be a Universalist." "Pa, if there isn't any bad place like that, will the water companies and gas companies go to heaven?" "Well, I don't know, my son, they may. There's no telling what might be done if there should be plenty of room on the extreme back seats."

—A burglar on ascending a flight of stairs one night not long since out west, observed a light in a chamber, and while deliberating what to do a large woman suddenly descended upon him, seized him by the throat, pushed him down through the hall and forced him into the street before he had time to think. Her friends called upon her and congratulated her on her courage, when she exclaimed: "Good gracious, I didn't know he was a burglar! If I had, I should have been frightened to death. I thought it was my husband come home drunk, and I was determined that he shouldn't stay in the house in that condition."

—Hank Monk, the stage driver who once drove Horace Greeley across the mountains in California "on time," met a stage containing General Sheridan and company on a track along the side of a hill where there was room but for one vehicle. Hank had nothing but a Chinaman in so, taking his horses well in hand, he artistically hugged the brink of the precipice and swung the hind part of the stage over the grade. There it hung apparently within a hair's breadth of destruction, while the carriage swept stately past it. Sheridan appreciated Hank's astounding disposition, and nobody cared what the Chinaman's feelings were.

Summary of State News.

ALBANY.

—Capt. T. H. Willingham plants five to six thousand acres—two-fifths cotton, two-fifths corn, and one-fifth oats.

—In Worth superior court last week, a jury rendered a verdict for $2,000 in Dr. Gale's action for damages against the Brunswick and Albany railroad.—News.

ATHENS.

—Each boy at college this morning, in answering the roll of his class, had to rise and explain, in fact, swear that he wouldn't pay but $20 for board, lodging and light.—Georgian.

AUGUSTA.

—We learn that Rev. Wm. H. Clarke was elected bishop of Africa at the recent session of the house of bishops, held in New York. Mr. Clarke has been for many years rector of St. Paul's church in this city.

—Some days since, a negro from the country, covered with tumors, was brought to the attention of the professors of the medical college. The man is about 40 years old, and his infirmity was quite repulsive; the main tumor being 25 inches long, 27 inches in circumference and weighing 18 pounds. This terrible companion was carried in a bag, and supported from his shoulder. Besides this large tumor, the man had hundreds of others varying in sizes from a pigeon's to a duck's egg. There have been few cases reported in medical works of a similar character, and this one was of equal importance to any mentioned. As the man was willing to undergo amputation, the operation was performed yesterday afternoon must successfully by the professor of special and surgical anatomy of the college, in the presence of a large number of the class of '75. The patient was placed on the amputating table, a bag of salt and powdered ice was wrapped around his chest above the tumor, and in a few moments the tumor was taken off. There was but a slight flow of blood, contrary to general expectation. Ether had been administered to the poor fellow before the operation, and during the amputation he jabbered constantly in the Ethiopian language.—Constitutionalist.

BARNESVILLE.

—One of our young ladies' dolls has the epizootic.

—The young ladies of Barnesville should set good examples, because the young men are always following them.—Gazette.

CALHOUN.

—The county commissioners have established a free ferry on the Oostanaula at Miller's ferry.

—The property of R. M. Young, bankrupt, sold for $10,476.—Times.

CONYERS.

—Rockdale church has re elected Rev. H. F. Buchanan as pastor, for the ensuing year.

—The following named gentlemen of this place went up to Atlanta, within the last few days to enter upon a course of lectures at the Atlanta medical college: Dr. A. A. Stewart, M. R. Stewart, L. A. Lee, and Q. L. Brantly.—Register.

DALTON.

—Cabbages from Gilmer county bring 2½ cents per head.

—Rev. Mr. Spillman, of the M. E. church [north,] has bought the nursery farm, late Dr. Hamilton's, and will retire from duty, we learn, to improve the place for a residence.

—A few loads of corn were sold the past week at thirty-five cents a bushel, but forty cents is the ruling price.

—The grand jury has "raised the wind" amongst many of "ye loyal subjects" by increasing the value of much of the taxable property, over and above what it was given in to the tax receiver.—[Citizen.

GRIFFIN.

—Myrtle lodge, Knights of Honor, was instituted in Griffin on Saturday last with twenty-three charter members.

—J. E. F. Mathews, esq., formerly a lawyer in this city, but more recently a citizen of Thomaston, received the appointment of assistant professor of mathematics of Vanderbilt University.—[News.

HAMPTON.

—Rev. A. G. Haygood preached the dedication sermon of the new Methodist Episcopal church at this place. In this effort he has added to his already growing fame, as an eloquent and logical preacher. His congregation was large and attentive. In response to a call to release the church, from an embarrassment of $967, the congrrgation gave him $986.—Ledger.

MARIETTA.

—The Roswell manufacturing company has purchased the Empire mills of Roswell.

—The convicts on the Maristta and North Georgia railroad, have made over 75,000 bricks for the building of the machine shops.

—Three worthy young ladies of Marietta have each resolved to marry the first young man that proposes.

—The mite boxes of the Episcopal Sunday school were robbed of between $4 and $5.

—Gen. A. J. Hansell will deliver a lecture before the young men's Christian association, on his "Early Recollections of Marietta," next Tuesday night.

—Mr. R. S. Eidson, who lives near Big Shanty, Cobb county, is a man of remarkable energy and industry, considering the fact that he lost his right arm in the last war and has only his left arm to work with. In the cultivation of his farm this year he made off of five acres of ground one hundred and thirty bushels of corn and fifty-three bushels of wheat, besides a large quantity of potatoes, turnips, etc. Two of the acres produced seventy-five bushels of corn.—Journal.

MACON.

—Tuesday afternoon, Miss Floretta Mason, a daughter of Mr. Tim. Mason, of Longstreet, Pulaski county, was killed by being thrown from a horse. A young gentleman was making a call upon the family, and had hitched his horse near the house. Miss Mason got on the horse to take a ride, when the animal ran away, throwing her against a tree, killing her instantly. She was a charming young lady about fifteen years of age.—Telegraph.

NEWNAN.

—Gross receipts from the fair $3,099 90.

—The net receipts from the entertainments given by the ladies last week, for the benefit of the new Methodist church and from their tables on the fair grounds, amounted to $213.

—We regret to learn that Maj Geo. Jones, the popular and efficient agent of the S. G. & N. A. R. R., at this place, was so unfortunate as to have one of his legs broken to day, by the falling of a box of lightning rods on it. The fracture is between the knee and ankle and is a very bad one.—Herald.

ROME.

—The Etna furnace in Polk county is closed.

—The Round Mountain furnace property was bid in by the mortgagees at $18,000.—Courier.

—Sixty-three hogs from Tennessee aggregate 15,500 pounds or 246 pounds each.

—J. M. Spullock is announced for re-election as mayor.

—Claud Langston killed the following described bird on the Oostanaula. This bird is of a partridge color; its bill is four inches long; its neck is over a foot in length; its body about four inches long; and its legs about eight or ten inches; it measures from tip of wing to tip of wing three feet two inches; from tip of bill to toes three feet three inches.—Commercial.

SAVANNAH.

—The repairs on the custom house cost $35,000.

—Three hundred dollars per month is the county appropriation for the poor.

—Mr. W. H. Bulloch has been secretary of the board of pilot commissioners for 45 years.—News.

UNION POINT.

—The dogs at Union Point seem to be rather religiously inclined, from the number we see in the churches on the Sabbath.

—There were twelve persons received into the Baptist church at Union Point last Sabbath by baptising. After which the pastor Rev. J. H. Kilpatrick preached a very practical and impressive sermon, looking specially to the duties, obligations and lives of the new members.

—The Baptists of Union Point array themselves very firmly against king alcohol. The following is one of the rules of their decorum: "Any member of this church who shall manufacture or sell intoxicating liquors, or who shall in any way, cause the same to be manufactured or sold, except for medicinal or sacramental purposes, shall be deemed guilty of an offence, and be dealt with accordingly.—Herald.

MARRIED IN GEORGIA.

—F. A. Timberlake, to Mrs. Mildred Walton, of Augusta.

—J. A. McDonald, of Gwinnett, to Miss Mattie L. Spence, of Hall county.

DIED IN GEORGIA.

—Jeremiah Walters, of Albany, aged 67.

—Mrs. Henry Bacon, of Albany.

—Mrs. Thomas Dillard, of Gwinnett county.

—Mrs. Robert Mills, of Newnan.

—W. Copeland, of Henry county, aged 82.

—Jerry Gray, of Athens.

—Mrs. Susan Golding, of Athens.

—Mrs. Randolph Tappan, of White Plains.

—Thomas Holden, of Warren county, aged 60.

Dragging Out Existence.

The nervous, weakly invalid does not enjoy life, but merely "drags out existence," as the phrase is. Unfitted for the active pursuits of life, to which health alone can give a zest, disenclined to social intercourse, and a prey to melancholy, the valetudinarian is indeed an object of pity. Yet there is nothing in all this that cannot be remedied by that genial alterative tonic and nervine, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which supplies deficient stamina, braces the nervous system, and overcomes those bodily irregularities to which nervous weakness is most frequently attributable. Diseases of kidney and bladder, imperfect digestion and urine troubles are fertile sources of debility. Their eradication, however, becomes a matter of certainty when Hostetter's Stomach Bitters are systematically used for that purpose The Bitters likewise anathilate and prevent fever and ague and other debilitating febrile complaints of a malarial nature.

nov5—deod1w&wlt

MARKET REPORTS.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

NEW YORK, November 5.—Cotton quiet; sales 903 bales; uplands 13 5-16; Orleans 13 11-16.

Futures opened quiet; November 13 1-16 @13¼; December 13 1-32; January 13 1-16@13½; February 13 3-16@13¾; March 13 32; April 13 19-32@13 21-32; May 13¾@13 15-16; June 13 15-16@14.

Money 4. Gold 115¾. Exchange—long $4 86; short $4 86. Stocks active at better prices. Governments dull and steady. State bonds dull and nominal.

Flour dull and declining. Wheat dull and heavy. Corn quiet and unchanged. Pork firm at $23 25. Lard firm; new steam 13¼ @13¾. Turpentine quiet at 41¾@42. Rosin quiet at $1 87½@1 95 for strained. Freights firm.

LIVERPOOL, November 5.—noon.—Cotton dull and unchanged; sales 10,000 bales, including 2,000 for speculation and export; receipts 7,100; American 3,100; cotton to arrive weaker; free sellers at last night's prices; sales for the week 59,000 bales, including 4,000 for speculation and 7,000 for export; sales American 30,000; stock 596,000; American 208,000; receipts for the week 71,000; American 33,000; actual export 10,000; afloat 218,000; American 93,000.

LIVERPOOL, November 5.—1:30 P. M.—Cotton sales on a basis of middling uplands nothing below low middlings shipped in November or December per sail 6¾; do. shipped in February or March per sail 6¾; do. March or April delivery 6 13-16.

LIVERPOOL, November 5.—3:03 P. M.—Cotton sales on a basis of middling uplands nothing below low middlings January or February delivery 6¾; sales to-day include 6,000 bales American.

LONDON, November 5—noon.—Street rate 3¾, which is ⅝ below band rate,

SHIPPING NEWS.

NEW YORK, November 5.—Arrived—Crescent City, Greece. Arrived out—August, Andre, Folkers. Homeward—Louisa, Mary, Nordens.

Atlanta Wholesale Price Current

(CORRECTED DAILY.)
CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, Ga., November 5, 1875

REMARKS.—The rain has caused business to be quiet at quotations. Eggs are scarce.

Atlanta Money Market.

GOLD—
Buying.....112 Selling.....115
SILVER—
Buying.....104 Selling.....107
EXCHANGE—
Buying at ¼ off Selling.....par
BONDS—
Georgia 6s.....90a92 Atlanta City 8s.83a85
Georgia 7s, 18 to par Atlanta 10s...101a104
Ga. 7s gold....100a101 Aug'sta City 7s.85a87
Ga. 8s.....101a103 Georgia R. R...93a96
Atlanta Water.73a75 A. & W. P. R. R.98a100
Atlanta City 7s.72a75 Savannah City..83a87
STOCKS—
Ga: R. R...79a81 A. & W. P. R. R.70.73
C. R. R.....58

Atlanta Produce Market.

PORK—car load.....7¾ gross
BEEF CATTLE.....2@5
EGGS.....23
BUTTER—
Country.....15
Tennessee.....25@27
POULTRY—
Grown chickens.....20@25
Spring chickens.....15@17
Geese.....40@50
Ducks.....18@20
FEATHERS.....50@60
BEESWAX.....25@27
RAGS.....2½@3
DRIED FRUIT—
Peaches, unpeeled.....8@8¼
Peaches halves.....8½@9
Peaches peeled.....10@12½
Apples peeled.....7½@8
Apples unpeeled.....no market

Atlanta Grocery Market.

CORN—
Prime white.....$1 00
Yellow and Mixed.....95
New ear.....70@75
MEAL.....$1 00
GRITS.....$6 25
WHEAT.....$1 30a$1 45
BARLEY.....none
RYE.....$1 40
OATS.....65a75
HAY—
Timothy.....$1 50a1 60
Clover.....$1 25
Tennessee.....$1 25a1 35
PEAS—
Stock.....$1 00a$1 10
POTATOES—
Sweet.....50a75 per bushel
Irish.....$3a$3 25 per barrel
CABBAGE.....market overstocked
ONIONS.....$3 50 per bbl
MOLASSES—
Barrels.....33
Tierces.....32
Hhds.....32
SYRUPS—
New York.....50
New Orleans.....75
MACKEREL—
No. 1 half bbls $7 50; kits....$1 75a$2
No. 2 half bbls $5a5 50; kits..$1 25a1 40
No. 3 bbls $9 50; ½ $4 50a4 75; kts $1 15
COFFEE—
Rio.....23½a26
Java.....37½@40
SUGAR—
A.....11½
White extra C.....11¾
Yellow C.....10¼@10½
Demerara.....11
New Orleans.....10¼a10½
FLOUR—
Fancy.....$8 00a8 25
Family.....$7 50a7 75
Extra family.....$6 75a7 00
Extra.....$6 50a6 75
Superfine.....$5 50a6 00
BACON—
Clear sides.....none
Clear rib sides.....15
Shoulders.....11¼
BULK MEATS—
Clear sides.....none
Clear rib sides.....13¾
Long clear sides.....13½
Shoulders.....none
HAMS—
Sugar-cured hams.....16@17
Country.....none
LARD—
Tierces.....15¼a15½
Kegs and cans.....17
Buckets.....17
CHEESE.....14¼a15½
VINEGAR.....25a40
SOAP—
Poor man's.....$3 50
Diamond.....$6 00
English crown.....$8 25
SUNDRIES—
Bologna.....12½a15
Dried Beef.....16a17½
Buckwheat Flour.....$12 per bbl
Atmore's Mince Meat, half bbls...12½

Wines and Liquors.

CORN WHISKY—
Proof, 100 per cent.....$1 45a1 90
80 per ct.....$1 20

Miscellaneous.

LIME—35a40; hydraulic $1 50.
NAILS—
12d, 10d.....$3 60
LEATHER—
Sole, hemlock, good damaged ..26a28
Good.....29a33
White oak.....40a50
Black upper.....40a55
SALT—
Liverpool.....$1 60
POWDER—
Rifle.....$6 00
Blasting.....$4 50
SHOT—
Buck.....$3 00
Drop.....$2 50
BAGGING—
Domestic.....15
Borneo.....15
Gunny.....11¾
IRON TIES—
Round.....5¾
P'ed.....4½

Dry Goods.

TICKING.....8a25
STRIPES.....9a14
OSNABURGS.....6¾a12
CAMBRICS.....6¼a7½
PRINTS.....6¼a7½
BROWN SHEETINGS.....8½a9
SHIRTINGS.....6¼a8½
Bleached sheetings and shirtings.....5a15½
DOMESTICS—
4-4.....
7-8.....
9-4.....
YARNS.....$1 10

Fruits and Confectioneries.

APPLES—Georgia raised $2 25a$2 50 per bbl
Northern.....$5 50a6
PEARS.....$5 00@$6 00
ORANGES—
Louisiana, each.....2½a3
Florida.....2½a3
LEMONS.....$12 50
Palermo.....14a15
RAISINS—
Layers, whole, per box.....$3 00a$3 50
Layer, half " .....$1 75a$2 00
CURRANTS—
In barrels.....10
Leghorn per lb.....35
FIGS—
Selected Eleme, drums per lb.....17½
DATES—In frails.....8½
PRUNES—In barrels, per lb.....14a15
NUTS AND ALMONDS—
Languedoc.....25
Taragona.....25
Pecan Nuts.....20
Brazil.....12½a15
English Walnuts.....15a20
Filberts.....12½a15
PEA NUTS—
Tennessee choice, per bushel..$1 75a$2
Wilmington, fancy, per lb.....$12 per bbl
TEAS—in five pound caddies—
Oolong.....$1 00a1 25
Imperial.....$1 00a1 25
FIRE CRACKERS—
No. 1 extra, 40 packages per box $3 50

Tobacco.

CHEWING—
Common, sound, 11-in new per lb. 50a55
Common, sound, 11-in old per lb..55a60
Medium, 11-in old.....65a75
Good 11-in old.....65a75
Fine 11-in old.....75a85
Bright navys.....55a65
Eights 6-in.....60a65
Good.....70a75
Fine 12-in, pounds, good.....85a90
Stultz AAAA.....$1 10
Brown's Extra, 12-in.....$1 00
Log Cabin, 12 in.....$1 00
SMOKING—
Durham, per pound.....65
Cavendish.....$1 25

Business Directory.

A. J. DELBRIDGE,
BOOT AND SHOE MAKER,
Puts up work with a guarantee of fitting and giving satisfaction,
No. 6 JAMES' BANK BLOCK,
WHITEHALL STREET,
ATLANTA, GA
Work forwarded to any place by Express, or as may be desired. may11—d

DENTISTS.

D. R. G. HOLLAND, Dentist, formerly of Augusta, Ga., has permanently located at No. 50 North Broad, junction of Luckie and Peachtree streets, and offers his professional services to the citizens of Atlanta and surrounding country. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. jan 11—tf

DR. R. S. BILLUPS, Resident Dentist. Office over Chamberlain & Boynton's, Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. jan 7—dtf

L. D. CARPENTER, DENTIST, No. 47 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.

LAWYERS.

H. K. M'CAY. R. P. TRIPPE.
M'CAY & TRIPPE, Attorneys at Law. Office, No. 14 Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga. aug7, '75—d0mo

ROBERT D. WALKER, Jr., Attorney at Law, Savannah, Ga. Prompt attention given to business. Sept. 1, 1875—d1y

R. K. HINES, Attorney at Law, No. 90 Cherry street, Macon, Georgia, (over J. H. Hertz & Co.) In addition to local business I will give special attention to cases entrusted to me in the Albany and Southwestern Circuits, and in the United States Circuit and Bankrupt Courts for Georgia. oct19—d1m

COLLECTION OFFICE—JOSEPH H. SMITH, Attorney at Law, No. 19 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. All kinds of claims collected in the city or elsewhere, at reasonable rates. Full and complete reports made at the earliest moment. july29—d1m

DANIELS, PRINTUP, ATTORNEY AT Law, Rome, Georgia. Will practice in the United States and Superior Courts of the State. may2, 1875—d1y

LOCHRANE & MILLEDGE, ATTORneys at Law, Atlanta, Georgia. The undersigned have formed a copartnership for the practic of law, in all its branches, in the several Courts of this State. Office, corner Pryor and Decatur streets, opposite Kimball House. Office hours, from 9 to 1, and 3 to 5:30. O. A. LOCHRANE, may9—dtf JNO. MILLEDGE.

MATT. H. SANDWICH, ATTORNEY at Law. Thomaston, Georgia. Commercial collections. Practices in the Courts of Georgia. May 8, 1875—d1y

WM. B. GUERRY. DUPONT GUERRY.
GUERRY & SON, ATTORNEYS AT Law and Solicitors in Equity, Americus, Georgia. Will practice in the Superior Courts of Sumter, Schley, Macon, Dooley, Lee, Terrell, Webster and Marion counties; in the Supreme Court of Georgia and the United States Courts at Savannah. dec13, '74—d1yr

L. T. DOWNING, ATTORNEY AND Solicitor. Practicing in the State Courts of the Chattahoochee Circuit, Georgia, and in the United States Courts. Also, United States Commissioner and Register in Bankruptcy. Office, over Brooks' drug store, Columbus, Georgia. mar10, '75—d12m

JAMES A. HARLEY, ATTORNEY AT Law, Sparta, Ga. aug8—d1y

HENRY L. PATTERSON, ATTORNEY at Law, Cumming, Forsyth county, Georgia. Will practice in all the Courts of the Blue Ridge Circuit, except Cobb. Special attention given to looking after Wild Lands and to the collection of claims. april1, 1875—d12m

DUNCAN H. BURTS, ATTORNEY AT Law, Columbus, Georgia. Will practice in the Superior Courts of the Chattahoochee Circuit, the Supreme Court of the State, and the United States at Savannah. mar10, '75—d6m

T. J. LUMPKIN, ATTORNEY AT Law, Rising Fawn, Georgia. Will practice in the counties of Catoosa, Chattooga, Dade and Walker. Prompt attention given to the collection of claims. Refers, by permission, ro Larkin Payne, Rising Fawn, Ga.; Rev. S. Cross, Rising Fawn, Ga.; A. D. Ditman, New York City, N. Y.; W. P. Rathburn, President First National Bank, Chattanooga, Tennessee.

WM. A. TIGNER, ATTORNEY AT Law, Jonesboro, Georgia, Office in D'Vaughn's building, up-stairs. Will practice in the counties of Clayton, Henry and Fayette. jan16, '75—dly

W. S. JOHNSON, ATTORNEY AT Law, Calhoun, Georgia. Office on west side Wall street, 60 yards southwest of the court house. Will attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care. June 5, 1875—d12m

B. M. TURNER. A. A. MURPHEY.
TURNER & MURPHEY, ATTORNEYS at Law, Barnesville, Georgia. Refer to the Barnesville Savings Bank; Powell & Murpheys; Stafford, Blalock & Co.; W. R. Murphey & Co., Barnesville, Ga.; and Farley, Powell & Co., Savannah, Georgia. jan18, '75—dly

J. A. ANSLEY, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Americus, Georgia. Will practice in the Courts of Southwestern Georgia, and in the Supreme Court of Georgia, and United States Courts at Savannah. Special attention given to collections. oct15, '75—dly

J. A. HUNT, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Barnesville, Georgia, will practice in the counties of the Flint Circuit, in the Supreme Court and in the United States District Courts at Atlanta. aug19, '74—dly

ROBERT B. TRIPPE, ATTORNEY AT Law, Cartersville, Georgia. Office (with Abda Johnson) in Court House. Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him, in any locality of Northern Georgia, whether contiguous to or distant from the railroad. sep25, 1874—dly

J. L. JANES, ATTORNEY AT LAW Dawson, Georgia. Will practice in the Pataula and Albany Circuits. Also where by special contract. Refer to Col. E. Y. Clarke, Hon. O. A. Lochrane, Rev. E. W. Warren. apr4, '57—d6m

BENJ. W. BARROW. HENRY W. BARROW.
BARROW & BARROW, LAWYERS, Milledgeville, Georgia. Will practice the Courts of Middle Georgia, and attend regularly the courts of Hancock, Washington, Wilkinson and Putnam. January 1, 1875—d1yr

H. P. LUMPKIN, ATTORNEY AT Law, LaFayette, Walker county, Georgia. Will pay prompt attention to the collection of claims and all business entrusted to his care in the several Courts of the counties of Walker, Catoosa, Chattooga, Dade, Floyd, Gordon and Whitfield. Refers, by permission, to W. A. Hemphill & Co., Proprietors Atlanta Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.; John H. James, Banker, Atlanta, Ga.; Hon. C. D. McCutchen, Judge Superior Court, Cherokee Circuit, Dalton; Ga., Hon. J. W. H. Underwood, Judge Superior Court, Rome Circuit, Rome, Georgia. mar26, 1875—d6m

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THOMAS LITTLE,
may25—dtf Proprietor.

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sep8—dtf T. Q. MEDOWS.

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oct13—d&wtf

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WILL be sold before the Court House door, in the town of Conyers, Rockdale county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in December next, 41 acres of land, known as the Albert's Mill Place, on South river. On said place there is two locations for machinery inferior to none in the South. Through said land there is about sixty feet fall and about 800 horse Power. On said place there is a Saw and Grist Mill and a good farm and lying in six miles of the Georgia Railroad. All persons wishing to purchase first-class Water Power would do well to call and examine said place, and be on hand in Conyers on the first Tuesday in December next. NANCY ALBERT,
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july18—d2taw&wtillnov1

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